

PUSAT PERBUKUAN Departemen Pendidikan Nasional



English in Focus

for Grade VII Junior High School (SMP/MTs)

Artono Wardiman Masduki B. Jahur M. Sukirman Djusma

Keep the Environment Clean

10



PUSAT PERBUKUAN Departemen Pendidikan Nasional

English in Focus

for Grade VII Junior High School (SMP/MTs)

Artono Wardiman Masduki B. Jahur M. Sukirman Djusma Hak Cipta pada Departemen Pendidikan Nasional Dilindungi Undang-undang

Hak Cipta Buku ini dibeli oleh Departemen Pendidikan Nasional dari Penerbit Setia Purna Inves

English in Focus for Grade VII Junior High School (SMP/MTs)

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Cover Photos	:	Documentation of Setia Purna Inves
Book Size	:	17.6 × 25 cm

420.07 WAR e	7 WARDIMAN, Artono English in focus 1: for grade VII Junior High School (SMP/ MTs)/ Artono Wardiman, Masduki B. Jahur, M. Sukirman Djusma; Ed. 1 Jakarta: Pusat Perbukuan, Departemen Pendidikan Nasional, 2008. viii, 176 hlm. ; ilus. : 25 Cm.
	Bibliografi : hlm. 165 Indeks ISBN 979-462-970-7 1. Bahasa Inggris-Studi dan Pengajaran I. Judul II. Jahur, Masduki B III. Djusma, Sukirman

Diterbitkan oleh Pusat Perbukuan Departemen Pendidikan Nasional Tahun 2008

Diperbanyak oleh ...

Kata Sambutan

Puji syukur kami panjatkan ke hadirat Allah SWT, berkat rahmat dan karunia-Nya, Pemerintah, dalam hal ini, Departemen Pendidikan Nasional, pada tahun 2008, telah membeli hak cipta buku teks pelajaran ini dari penulis/penerbit untuk disebarluaskan kepada masyarakat melalui situs internet (website) Jaringan Pendidikan Nasional.

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Kami menyampaikan penghargaan yang setinggi-tingginya kepada para penulis/penerbit yang telah berkenan mengalihkan hak cipta karyanya kepada Departemen Pendidikan Nasional untuk digunakan secara luas oleh para siswa dan guru di seluruh Indonesia.

Buku-buku teks pelajaran yang telah dialihkan hak ciptanya kepada Departemen Pendidikan Nasional ini, dapat diunduh (down load), digandakan, dicetak, dialihmediakan, atau difotokopi oleh masyarakat. Namun, untuk penggandaan yang bersifat komersial harga penjualannya harus memenuhi ketentuan yang ditetapkan oleh Pemerintah. Diharapkan bahwa buku teks pelajaran ini akan lebih mudah diakses sehingga siswa dan guru di seluruh Indonesia maupun sekolah Indonesia yang berada di luar negeri dapat memanfaatkan sumber belajar ini.

Kami berharap, semua pihak dapat mendukung kebijakan ini. Kepada para siswa kami ucapkan selamat belajar dan manfaatkanlah buku ini sebaik-baiknya. Kami menyadari bahwa buku ini masih perlu ditingkatkan mutunya. Oleh karena itu, saran dan kritik sangat kami harapkan.

> Jakarta, Juli 2008 Kepala Pusat Perbukuan



English in Focus for Grade VII is one of a three-level English textbooks for you, young learners in junior high school (SMP/MTs). The necessity of English as one of the foreign languages studied in Indonesian schools, brings this book forward.

The writers have made an effort to develop your ability in English use through this book. The content of the book is integrated in the four language skills, i.e. listening, speaking, reading and writing. It aims to build your language, discourse, sociocultural and strategic competence. All the components help you understand English and use it as the media of communication.

This book also presents theories as well as activities that are closely familiar to the students. The activities will explore your creativity and encourage you to use your language skills in English.

Last but not least, the writers are very grateful to all people who have helped and given their input, support and encouragement.

We also would like to appreciate PT Setia Purna Inves and the editorial team that give the support and contribution so that the books can be used by the young learners in junior high school (SMP/MTs).

Hopefully, this book will help you learn English in communicative way.

Bandung, July 2008

Writers

Guide to Read This Book



1. Chapter Title

displays the title theme of every chapter.

2. Materials You're Going to Learn in This Chapter

mentions main subjects in every chapter.

- Log On enriches your knowledge. The materials have been taken from the internet in order to enhance your ability.
- 4. New Horizon enriches you with knowledge related to the learning material.
- 5. Enrich Your Knowledge relates to the theme of the chapter.
- Follow Up Activity gives you an activity to practice some materials that you have studied.
- 7. Grammar Stage explains grammar which is learned in every chapter.
- 8. Learning Essential describes the primary subject of the chapter.

9. Learning Review

brings to you in the form of questions that reminds you of some learning materials.

- 10. UN Challenge challenges you some problems to solve that are taken from *Ujian Nasional.*
- 11. Exercise of Chapters recycles learning materials from the preceding chapters.
- 12. Final Evaluation reminds you of the materials in each chapter.
- 13. **Bibliography** shows you the resources for this book.
- 14. Photo Credits shows you the resources of pictures.
- 15. Glossary

consists of list of words or terms to enrich your vocabulary.

16. Index

helps you find grammar, expressions, and author of each chapter.

Chapter Contents Chart

Kata Sambutan	ii
Preface	i
Guide to Read This Book	
 Chapter 1 What Is Your Name? Listening Listening to the greetings and introduction expressions Listening to the words pronunciation 	
Speaking	8
 Greeting and introducing Reading Reading aloud to a short text with good pronunciation, stress and intonation Writing Expressing the meaning of short functional texts 	12 12 12 14 14
Writing short functional texts in the form of greeting card Learning Essential	1! 18
Learning Review	18
 Chapter 2 Things around Us Listening Listening to the gratitude expressions Listening to the apology expressions Listening for asking and giving information expressions 	19 20 20 21 21
Speaking	2!
 Expressing apology Expressing gratitude Asking and giving information 	2! 20 2
 Reading Identifying to the meaning of short descriptive texts Reading aloud a short text with good pronunciation, stress and intonation 	29 29 30
Writing	30
Writing short descriptive texts Learning Essential Learning Review	30 31 31
Chapter 3 Let's Go to School Listening	39 40 40 42
Speaking	45 40 47
 Reading Reading aloud words, phrases and sentences with good pronunciation, stress and intonation	50 50

Writing	54
Writing simple functional text in the form of short messages	54
Learning Essential	56
Learning Review	56
Chapter 4 What Should I Buy?	57
Listening	58
Listening to the politeness expressions	58
• Listening to the short functional texts in the form of advertisement	59
Speaking	61
Expressing politeness	61
• Expressing the meaning of short functional texts in the form of advertisement	63
Reading	65
Reading aloud descriptive texts with correct pronunciation, stress and intonation	65
• Identify the meaning of short functional texts in the form of advertisement	66
Writing	67
Writing descriptive texts	73
Writing short functional texts in the form of advertisement	75
Learning Essential	78
Learning Review	78
Exercise of Chapters 1-4	79
Chapter 5 Family Life	83
Listening	84
Listening to the expressions for asking and giving opinion	84
Speaking	88
Expressing likes and dislikes	88
Asking for opinion	89
Reading	93
Getting information from a descriptive text	94
Reading aloud a descriptive text	95
Writing	97
Writing a simple descriptive text about family	98
Writing short functional texts in the form of greeting cards	99
Learning Essential	100
Learning Review	100
Chapter 6 What Do You Do?	101
Listening	102
Listening to the expressions for asking and giving something	102
Listening to the monologues of descriptive texts	104
Speaking	105
Asking and giving something	105
Describing people	107

Reading	113
Getting information from a text	113
Reading a descriptive text	114
Writing	116
Writing a descriptive text	120
Learning Essential	122
Learning Review	122
Chapter 7 Work Out	123
Listening	124
 Listening to the expressions for asking and giving facts Listening to the monologues of procedural texts 	124 126
Speaking	120
Asking and giving facts	127
Performing a monologue of procedural texts	130
Reading	131
Reading procedural texts	132
Identifying meanings of procedural texts	133
Writing	134
Writing a procedural text	136
Learning Essential	138
Learning Review	138
Chapter 8 My Hobby	139
Listening	140
Listening to the expressions for asking clarification	140
Listening to the procedural text	142
Speaking	143
Asking and responding clarification expressionsPerforming a monologue in a procedural form	143 145
Reading	148
Reading aloud a procedural text	149
Writing	151
Writing a procedural text	153
Learning Essential	154
Learning Review	154
Exercise of Chapters 5-8	155
Final Evaluation	159
Bibliography	165
Photo Credits	165
Glossary	167
Index	168
Listening Script	169
Answer Key	172



Source: Publisher's Documentation

What Is Your Name?

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- · Listening to the greetings and introduction expressions
- Listening to the words pronunciation •

Speaking

Greeting and introducing

Reading

· Reading aloud to a short text with good pronunciation, stress and intonation

Writing

- Expressing the meaning of short functional texts
- · Writing short functional texts in the form of greeting card

Listening

In this section, you will learn how to:

- · listen to the greetings and introduction expressions;
- listen to the words pronunciation.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- identify the greetings and introduction expressions;
- identify the words pronunciation.







Listen carefully.

1. Heru is a new neighbour.

Ary	: Hello. I'm Ary.
Heru	: Hello. I'm Heru.
Ary	: You are the new neighbour, right?
Heru	: Yes, I am. I just moved from Padang.
Ary	: Well, nice to meet you, Heru.
Heru	: Nice to meet you, too.

2. Ranti meets her teacher, Mr Bakri at the post office.

Ranti	: Good afternoon, Sir.
Mr Bakri	: Good afternoon. You are
Ranti	: Ranti, Sir. My name is Ranti. How are
	you?
Mr Bakri	: I am fine, thank you. And how about
	you?
Ranti	: I am fine, too.
Mr Bakri	: Well, Ranti. I have to go now. Pleased to
	meet you.
Ranti	: Pleased to meet you, too, Sir.
Citure in Am	ile friend One night about the see Ari at his

3. Citra is Ari's friend. One night she wants to see Ari at his home, but he is not home. Ari's brother, Sigit, is at home.

Citra	: Good evening, Sigit.
Sigit	: Good evening, Citra.
Citra	: Is Ari at home?
Sigit	: I'm sorry, Citra. Ari is not at home.
Citra	: Oh, well. That's OK. Good night, then.
Sigit	: Good night.

4. Anto is Ucok's best friend.

Anto	: Hi, Ucok. Are you coming to the basket
	ball game?
Ucok	: Hi, Anto. Yes, I'm coming to the game.
Anto	: OK, then. See you there. Bye.
Ucok	: Bye.



Work in pairs, listen to the tape about the following dialogues. While you are listening, complete the dialogues. Number one has been done for you.

1. Lira is new in the neighbourhood.



- Tony : Hi. My name is Tony.
- Lira : Hi. My name is Lira.
- Tony : You are the new neighbour, right?
- Lira : Yes, I am. I just moved in yesterday.
- Tony : Welcome to the neighbourhood. Well, I have to go to the bookstore. See you.
- Lira : OK. See you!
- 2. Eka meets a girl at a camping site.



Eka : _____. I'm Eka. What is your name? Riska : _____. I'm Riska. Which group do you come from?

- Eka : I am from the Eagle group. You are from the Bear group, right?.
- Riska : Yes, that is right. Well, _____, Eka.
- Eka : _____, Riska.
- 3. Alam meets his teacher, Mr Wijaya, on the way home from school.



Alam	:, Mr Wijaya.
Mr Wijaya	: Oh, Alam How are you?
Alam	: I'm fine, Sir. Thank you.
Mr Wijaya	: Well, take care, OK?
Alam	: Of course, Sir.
Mr Wijaya	:, Alam.
Alam	:, Sir.

4. Ella is on her way home from the movie theatre. She meets Sigit.



- Ella : _____, Sigit.
- Sigit : _____, Ella. What was the film like?
- Ella : It was interesting.
- Sigit : Well. It's getting late. I have to go home now.

Ella : Me, too. _____.





In groups of three, introduce your friend to another and listen to them carefully.

Listen to the dialogue from the tape. While listening, complete the dialogues.

1. Arif and Susan are playmates.

Arif	:, Susan! How are you?
Susan	:, Arif! I'm fine, thanks. And you?
Arif	: I'm fine, too. Are you coming to Rini's
	birthday party tonight?
Susan	: Of course I'm coming.
Arif	: OK, then. I'll meet you there.
Susan	:



2. Andy is a new student.

Andy	:	I'm Andy.
------	---	-----------

- Yola : _____. I'm Yola. Are you a new student?
- Andy : Yes, I am. I'm in 1H.
- Yola : Then, we are classmates. I'm going to the library. Do you want to accompany me?
- Andy : I'm sorry, I can't.
- Yola : OK, then. _____ in the classroom.
- Andy :





Now, close your book and introduce yourself to your friend. Listen carefully to what your friend's spelling.



Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- introduce and greet someone;
- carry out simple dialogues.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- introduce and greet someone appropriately;
- carry out simple dialogues correctly.





Look at the pictures. Practise the dialogues with your friend.







Practise the following dialogues.

- 1. *Reni meets her cousin, Romi, on his way to the bookstore. Romi lives with Reni's family.*
 - Reni : Hi, Romi!
 - Romi : Hi, Reni! What are you doing here?
 - Reni : I'm going to the bookstore. Do you want to come with me?
 - Romi : No, I'm going home.
 - Reni : OK. See you at home.
 - Romi : See you.
- 2. Rudi cannot sleep. He goes to the kitchen to have some chocolate milk. His mother is in the kitchen.
 - Rudi : Hello, Mom.
 - Mother : Hello, Rudi. Why are you still awake?
 - Rudi : I can't sleep. I'm going to drink a glass of chocolate milk.
 - Mother : Oh, here it is.
 - Rudi : Thank you, Mom. Good night.
 - Mother : Good night.



In pairs, complete the dialogues based on the example. Then practise them with your partner.

Example:

1.

\u	inpic.		
	Rosita	:	Good afternoon, Sir.
	Mr Sembiring	:	Good afternoon. Are you a new student?
	Rosita	:	Yes, Sir. I am Rosita Siregar. I am in 1F. How are you?
	Mr Sembiring	:	Fine. My name is Sembiring. I am a science teacher. Do you come from Medan?
	Rosita	:	Yes, Sir. My parents live there. But I live here with my uncle.
	Mr Sembiring Rosita		Pleased to meet you, Rosita. Yes, pleased to meet you, too, Mr Sembiring.
	Roger Mrs Felix	:	Good morning, Ma'am.
	Roger	:	Yes, Ma'am. I am Roger Sondakh. I am in 1C

		Mrs Felix	:;
			My name is Felicia Felix. I am an English teacher. Do you come from Manado?
		Roger	: Yes, Ma'am. My parents live there. But I live here with my brother.
		Mrs Felix Roger	: Nice to meet you, Roger.
	2.	Togur	: Hi, Togur? : Hi, Mirza? : Not too bad. Thanks.
	3.	Ranto Sandra	: Hello, Sandra?
			: Fine. Thanks.
	4.		: Hi,? : Hi, :
Practice 5		•	s based on these situations. Use the greeting then act them out.
	1	Variantia	Caller al la dia anna ann la a anna anna anna da

- 1. You meet your friend in the morning on your way to school.
- 2. You meet your friend in the park.
- 3. You meet your brother in the dining room in the evening.
- 4. You meet your new classmate.
- 5. You meet your teacher on your way to the English course.



Prepare suitable dialogue for each of the following pictures. Number one is an example then act them out with your partner.



Intan : Hello, Romeo. How are you? Romeo : Hello, Intan. Pretty good.



If you want to send a birthday, sympathy or greeting card to your friends or family, check this website to get more examples of greeting card: *www.greeting-cards.com*





Enrich Your Knowledge

Listen carefully. Then repeat the following alphabets twice or three times.

A /ei	/	B /bi:/	C /si:/	D /di:/	E / i:/	F /ef/	/	G /dʒi:/	H ∕eɪtſ∕	 /аі/
J ∕d3€	I/	K /keɪ/	L /el/	M /em/	N /en/	0 /əʊ/	/	P /pi:/	Q /kju:/	R /a:/
S /es	/	T /ti:/	U /ju:/	V /vi:/	W ∕′d∧b	/ lju:/		X /eks/	Y /waɪ/	Z /zed/



Spell them out.

- 1. Santi 4. Robert
- 2. Susan 5. Elizabeth
- 3. Alam 6. Jonathan



Work in groups. Complete the dialogues. Then act them out.

Teacher : How do you spell your name, Susan?
 Susan : es, ju:, es, eı, en.
 Teacher : Excellent. How about your name, Alam?
 Alam : eı, el, eı, em.
 Teacher : Well done.

Alam : Thank you.

2.	Teacher Anton	: How do you spell your name, Anton?
	Teacher Yeni	Good. How about you, Yeni?
	Teacher Yeni	: Nicely done. : Thank you.

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

• read aloud of some short texts about introduction.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

• read aloud of some short texts about introduction.



Look at the picture and then complete the sentences.



Note

The italicised words are called to be.





Read aloud the following text.

- My name is Santi Pidiati.
- I am a student.
- I go to SMP 1 in Palembang.
- I was born in Palembang, 30th December 1994.
- I live at JI. Ahmad Yani No. 15. My phone number is 200001.
- I like jogging, bicycling, and listening to music.
- My parents name are Mr Helmi Yahya and Mrs Yoana Pataya.
- My blood type is O.
- You can e-mail me at pidia94@yahoo.co.id.
- I am in 1F.
- I have a lot of friends.
- Titi is one of my friends.



Now, fill in the following form.

Santi is a new student at SMP 1 Palembang. She wants to be a member of girlscouts in her school. But before, she must fill in the form that consists of her data. Your job is to help Santi to fill in the form.



Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- get the meaning of the greetings cards;
- write greetings cards.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- get the meaning of the greetings cards correctly;
- write greetings cards correctly.



Look and read the following greeting card.



Hello, Felix

How's going? We're waiting for your coming.... Please, go home soon.

> Miss you so much Hana, your beloved sister Mum and Dad



Answer the following questions.

- 1. Who is Felix?
- 2. Do you know where Felix is?
- 3. What is Hana writing about?
- 4. Who misses Felix much?



Pay attention to the following greeting card and complete it. Fill in the blanks with the words provided in the box.

秋
For Mira, a Best Friend
Hi Mira! How are you? since the we played basketball in my school yard. Let's meet again and at my house. How about having an "ayam bakar" with my family? Can't
Love and Hug Nina

spend some time	party wa	nit to see you
It's been two months	last time	I miss you



Read the following situation carefully then write its greeting card.

- 1. Joshua writes a greeting card to his best friend Mary Ann in Melbourne. He writes that he wants to visit her sometimes and goes around Melbourne all day long.
- 2. Tika writes to her friend, Nancy, in Paris that she misses her very much and asks Nancy to write her about Nancy's activities lately.



Fill in the blank with the suitable expression.
Iqbal : Hello, I am Iqbal.
Hadi : Oh, hi, I'm Hadi. How do you do?
Iqbal : _____?
a. Fine, thank you
b. Nice to meet you
c. How do you do
d. I'm quite alright

Taken from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2004

Grammar Stage

To Be Affirmative

Pronoun	То Ве	Full Form	Short Form	Noun
l you she he it we they	am are is is is are are are	I am you are she is he is it is we are they are	l'm you're she's he's it's we're they're	a student a student a student a student a book students students

Negative

	Short	Noun	
I am not	I'm not	I'm not	a student
you are not	you're not	you aren't	a student
she is not	she's not	she isn't	a student
he is not	he's not	he isn't	a student
it is not	it's not	it isn't	a book
we are not	we're not	we aren't	students
they are not	they're not	they aren't	students

Question

То Ве	Pronoun	Noun
is	she/he/it	a book?
am/are	I/you	a student?
are	you/we/they	students?



Choose the correct "to be". Then act out the dialogue with your friends. Pay attention to the intonation.

Andra meets Una and Su Lian in the park.

Andra : Hi. I (am/is) Andra.

- Una : Hello. We (is/are) Una and Su Lian.
- Andra : Oh, you (is/are) twins!

Una : No, we (isn't/aren't).

Andra : But you (is/are) exactly alike!

Su Lian : No, I (am/is) nineteen years old, but Una (isn't/aren't) even eighteen yet.

Andra : Well, I (am/is) glad to meet you.

Randi comes and joins them.

- Andra : Una, Su Lian, this (is/are) Randi.
- Una : Hi, Randi.
- Susan : Hello, Randi. How do you do?
- Randi : Hello, girls. How do you do? (*to Randi*) (am/are) they twins?
- Andra : No, they (isn't/aren't) twins.

Follow-up Activity

Find your friend's birth date in your journal. Make your own birthday card for your friend. You can attach poetry or a CD containing friendship theme songs as a present. Send it to your friend. It will make your friendship stronger.

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Greeting
 - Hi.
 - Hello.
 - Good morning.
 - Good afternoon.
 - Good evening.
 - Introducing
 - My name is Tiana.
 - I am Monty.
 - This is my friend, Widdie.
 - Grammar: To Be
 - Example:
 - I *am* a student.
 - You *are* a teacher.
 - He *is* a principal.
 - They *are* students.

Learning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. What do you say to greet people?
- 3. What do you say to introduce yourself?
- 4. What do you say to introduce your friend to your teacher?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.



Things around Us

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- Listening to the gratitude expressions
- Listening to the apology expressions
- · Listening for asking and giving information expressions

Speaking

- Expressing apology
- Expressing gratitude
- Asking and giving information

Reading

- Reading aloud a short text with good pronunciation, stress and intonation
- · Identifying to the meaning of short descriptive texts

Writing

• Writing short descriptive texts

Listening

In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to the gratitude expressions;
- listen to the apology expressions;
- listen to the someone gives information.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- express the gratitude appropriately;
- express the apology appropriately;
- ask and give the information appropriately.



Rudi : You're welcome.

2.



- Simon : Erik, can I borrow your book?
 Erik : Sure, here it is.
 Simon : *Thanks a lot.*Erik : Don't mention it.
- 3.



Father: Leung Wei, did you break that glass?Leung Wei: Yes, I did. *I am very sorry.*Father: That's quite all right.

4.



Mother : Santo, have you bought me some sugar? Santo : *I am sorry*, Mom. I forgot. Mother : Never mind.

Note

The italicised sentences are responses to gratitude and apology.





Listen carefully.

1.



Father is on his way to a stall. A man comes to him. He wants to go to Mr Marwan's house. He doesn't know where it is.

The man	:	Excuse	me.	Do	you	know	where	Mr
		Marwar	n's hou	lse is	?			
		.			<i>c</i> .	<i>с.</i> , <i>с</i>		

Father : Of course. It is in front of the fruit stall.

The man : Oh, I see. Thank you.

Father : You're welcome.



Wulan lost her pen and she asks Neta about it.Wulan : Do you know where my pen is?Neta : Which one?

- Wulan : The red one. The one I put on the table.
- Neta : No, I don't know where it is.

Note

The italicised sentences are the expressions for *asking and giving information*.



Work in pairs. Listen to the tape carefully and fill in the missing dialogues.



Mrs Sugawa : Okan, where are my shoes?
 Okan : _____



3. Lisa : Dion, where is Spot? Dion : _____.



5. Eli : Do you see my brooch? Aya : _____.



2. Mr Felani : Dear, do you see my book? Mrs Felani : _____



4. Fikar : Lola, where are you? Lola : _____.



Source: Publisher's Documentation

 Soleh : Anti, do you know where the pen is?
 Anti : _____.

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- express apology;
- express gratitude;
- ask and give information.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- express apology appropriately;
- express gratitude appropriately;
- ask and give information appropriately.

1.

Practice 1 Say the expressions based on the responses.







Practise the following dialogues.



Diana forgets to feed her dog, Plecky. Her father is upset. Diana : Dad, I'm sorry, I forgot to feed Plecky. Father : What? How could you forget? Oh, OK Never mind. But next time don't forget.



Mother needs some sugar for the cake she is baking. She asks Daniel to go to market.

- Mother : Daniel, I need some sugar for the cake and I'm too busy to go to market. Can you help me to buy it?
- Daniel : Of course, Mom.
- Mother : Thank you.
- Daniel : My pleasure, Mom.

Speech Act

We use these expressions to express gratitude.

- Thank you.
- Thanks.
- Thank you very much.

We use these expressions to respond to gratitude.

- That's all right.
- My pleasure.
- You are welcome.
- No problem.
- Don't mention it.

We use these expressions to express apology.

- Sorry.
 - I am very sorry.
 - I apologise for
 - Please excuse me.
 - Please accept my apology.

We use these expressions to respond to apology.

Informal
Formal
(to older people or a stranger)
Never mind.
That's all right.
That's OK.
Please don't be sorry.
It doesn't matter.

Informal

Formal

(to older people

or a stranger)

We use these expressions to ask information

Excuse me. What is your name?

- Can you tell me where you live?
- Can you help me find the laboratory?
 - Sorry to trouble you, but do you know where Anisa is?
- Do you happen to know where the bank is?
- Could anyone tell me when the test is?

We use these expressions to give information

- My name is Edo.
- I live in Jalan Setiabudhi.
- Anisa is in the post office.
- Take your first right.
- Go straight up the street. It's on the left.
- The test is on June 11th, 2007.



Formal

(to older people

or a stranger)

Informal

Work in pairs. Ask for personal information and fill it in the blank spaces. You can ask for information about your friend.

You :	Good afternoon. I'm (your name).
	Are you (your friend's name)?
Your friend :	Yes, please call me (your friend's
	name)
You :	What's your full name?
Your friend :	
You :	Where were you born?
Your friend :	
You :	What do you want to be?
Your friend :	
You :	How do you spend your leisure time?
Your friend :	
You :	Are you interested in sport?
Your friend :	
You :	?
Your friend :	
You :	Thanks for your time.
Your friend :	You're welcome. Bye.



In pairs, make short dialogues based on the situations given. Use expressions of gratitude and apology. Then practise them.

1. Karni wants to go to a movie this evening. She asks Ninik to accompany her.
- 2. Eva needs help to carry her bags. She asks Tedi to help her.
- 3. You cannot take your brother to the park.
- 4. You accidentally broke your father's smoking pipe.

UN Challenge

Fill in the blank with the suitable expression.

Edo : _____, Sir. I am late.

Teacher : That's all right. Go to your seat.

- a. Let me explain
- b. I'm sorry
- c. I'm happy

1. 2.

d. Sorry to trouble you

the post office?

Answer the questions orally.

Adapted from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2002-2003





Look at the picture. What do you think the dialogue that can happened between them? Write and practise it.

What do you do when someone asks you the way to

What do you do when you lose your way?



Source: Publisher's Documentation

Example

Yayan : Could you tell me where the station is, please?Aiko : Yes, go straight and the station is first on the left.

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

read aloud short descriptive text about things in your house and your school.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

read aloud short descriptive text about things in your house and your school correctly.



Observe the picture and answer the questions that follow.

This is Mr Abdulrahman's house.



- 1. How many bedrooms are there?
- 2. Is the fountain behind Mr Abdulrahman's house?
- 3. Where is the location of Mr Abdulrahman's house?
- 4. Is it a big house?
- 5. Is it a two-storey house?



If you want to test your vocabulary of household objects through a quiz, check this page: www.iteslj.org/v/ei/ furniture.html



Your teacher will read aloud the following advertisement. Then you repeat after her/him. Pay attention to the pronunciation and punctuation.



Television is a widely used telecommunication medium for Broadcasting and receiving live, moving greyscale or color images with sound. The term may also be used to refer specifically to a television set, television program or television transmission.

Taken from: en.wikipedia.org

FOR SALE



Two storey house. It is located near Patrol highway, Jalan Sastrawan No. 3, Flores. The house consists of the following.

- A living room, a drawing room, a dining room, • a study room, a kitchen, two bathrooms and a garage.
- Children's and nanny's bedrooms upstairs and a main bedroom downstairs.
- A sofa and some chairs in the drawing room.
- A refrigerator, an electric fan, and a television. •
- Kitchen utensils, such as pots, pans, kettles, gas • stoves and the kitchen sink.

It also has 3000 V power, telephone line, hotspot, and water heater. Serious buyer contacts Tia 987654.

Practice

Work in pairs. Read again the ad in Practice 2 then answer the following questions.

- 1. Could you mention the rooms in the house?
- 2. Where are the children's bedrooms?
- 3. Could you mention the things in the living room?
- 4. What is there in the drawing room?
- 5. Can you mention some kitchen utensils?





Study the picture of Ari's classroom.

This is Ari's classroom. There are many things in Ari's classroom. Do you know what they are? Can you mention the name of each picture?



calendar clock broom door
chair window bookshelf backpack
cupboard book desk map
blackboard ruler timetable



What are the names of the things in the picture? Write them down in your exercise book.



2.



This is our living room. We usually get together in this room. You can find these things in it. They are

·
a sofa
a book case
a curtain
an electric fan
a lamp
a table
a vase
a picture







In pairs, choose a, b, c, or d for the correct answer. Do it in your exercise book.

- 1. There is a living room. Living room means ____.
 - a. bathroom
 - b. waiting room
 - c. bedroom
 - d. sitting room
- There is a dining room.
 Dining room means a room in which ____.
 - a. you keep money
 - b. you keep books
 - c. you eat meals
 - d. you keep clothes
- There is also a drawing room.
 A drawing room means a room in which _____.
 - a. people keep pictures
 - b. people are painting
 - c. people are cooking
 - d. people receive guests
- 4. The house has six bedrooms. A bedroom is a room to _____.
 - a. play in c. read in
 - b. sleep in d. study in
- A big house usually has a study. A study is a room in which a person ____.
 - a. plays in
 - b. writes a letter
 - c. listens to the radio
 - d. studies, reads, writes, etc.

6. She is in the kitchen.

A kitchen is a room where a person _____.

- a. eats c. drinks
- b. cooks d. sleeps
- This house has two bathrooms. A bathroom is a room where a person ____.
 - a. irons shirts
 - b. reads books
 - c. washes clothes
 - d. takes a bath
- 8. The children's bedrooms are upstairs.
 - Upstairs means _____.
 - a. on a lower floor
 - b. on an upper floor
 - c. to the ground floor
 - d. on the ground floor
- 9. There is a garage on the left side of the house.

A garage is a shed where _____.

- a. a driver sleeps
- b. cars are stored
- c. cars are washed
- d. household appliances are kept
- 10. This room is for the guests.
 - A guest is a person who _____.
 - a. entertains
 - b. waits for someone
 - c. visits somebody else
 - d. sits next to somebody



Follow-up Activity

Draw a map of your house. Use an HVS paper and a pencil. Draw some tiny pictures of the furniture to make your map more decorative. Color your map with crayons. Then, name each room of your house. So you can closely recognise every detail of your house.

Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- write simple descriptive texts about things around you.
- After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:
 - write simple descriptive texts about things around you correctly.



Answer these questions orally.

- 1. What are in your bedroom?
- 2. What are in your kitchen?
- 3. Can you mention the things in your living room?
- 4. Can you mention the things in your bathroom?



Observe the following pictures. Then, work in pairs to list the things in pictures 1 and 2.







Practice 4

List the things in your bedroom and your kitchen. Compare your work with your friend's.

Now, make a paragraph consists list of things in your bedroom or in your kitchen.

Begin your paragraph with In my bedroom, there are

Grammar Stage

Study these sentences.

- There is a teacher and there is a student in the staff room.
- There are three books on the table.
- There is a vase on the table.

Singular nouns follow <u>there is</u>; plural nouns follow <u>there are</u>; digunakan sebagai kata petunjuk.

- Examples: 1. There is a cat in the kitchen.
 - 2. There are many cats in the park.
 - 3. There is some water in the glass.





Complete the sentences with there is or there are.

- 1. _____a book on the desk.
- 2. _____ three boys sitting on the bench.
- 3. _____ an apple beside the cup.



Complete the sentences with *is there* or *are there.*

- 1. _____ any ink in the bottle?
- 2. _____any bottles of syrup in the kitchen?
- 3. How many children _____ in your family?



Make sentences according to the pictures. Use there is or there are.



1. There _____



3. There _____. and _____.



2. There _____



4. There _____

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Expressing gratitude
 - Thank you.
 - Thanks.
 - Thank you very much.
 - Expressing apology
 - I am sorry.
 - I am very sorry.
 - Please excuse me.
 - Please accept my apology.
 - Asking for information
 - Excuse me. What is your name?
 - Can you tell me where you live?
 - Can you help find the classroom?
 - Giving information
 - My name is Anisa.
 - I live on Jalan Setiabudhi.
 - Grammar: There Is/There Are
 - Examples:
 - There is a book on the table.
 - There are many chickens in my yard.
 - There is some milk in the cup.

_ earning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. What do you say to express gratitude?
- 3. What do you say to apologise?
- 4. What do you say to ask a new student's name?
- 5. What do you say when your friend asks your address?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.



Let's Go to School

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- Listening to the command expressions
- Listening to the prohibition expressions

Speaking

- Expressing a command
- Expressing prohibition

Reading

Reading aloud words, phrases and sentences with good pronunciation, stress and intonation

Writing

• Writing simple functional text in the form of short messages



In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to the command expressions;
- listen to the prohibition expressions.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- respond to the command expressions correctly;
- respond to the prohibition expressions correctly.









Listen to your teacher. Do as she/he asks you to do.

- 1. Raise your hand, please.
- 2. Go to the blackboard.
- 3. Put the pencil in the pencil case.
- 4. Get me a broom, please.
- 5. Show me the picture.
- 6. Sit down.
- 7. Go to the door, please.
- 8. Touch the desk.
- 9. Wave your hand.
- 10. Look at your friend.

Pronounce It! Kinds of Vowel				
/I/ /e/ /æ/				
pit pet pat bin net back sit get sack				

Practice 4

Listen to the tape about the following dialogue.

Airien and Adrian are going to a movie. It starts in a few minutes, and Airien is driving the car.

Adrian Airien	Hey, Airien, you are driving too fast!Well, we are in a hurry. The movie starts	
Adrian Airien	in a few minutes. : <i>Slow down, please</i> ! : Relax, I am a good driver.	

Adrian	: Good drivers don't speed the way you
Airien	do.
AITIEIT	: Do not talk too much, do not worry, we are OK.
Adrian	: Yes, but I am warning you, someday a
	cop is going to stop you.
Airien	: OK, take it easy.
Suddenly there	e's a sirine sound
Adrian	: Oopss, do you hear that?
Airien	: Welluh-hu What do you think of that sound?
Adrian	: What do I think? Come on Airienthat's
/ tai lai l	a police sirine, even a child knows!
Then, a police of	officer with his motorcycle gives a sign to Airien
and Adrian to	
Airien	: Oh, my God. Now, he is going to put me in a jail.
Police officer	5
	you're driving too fast. May I see your
	driving license, please?
Airien	: Oh, yeahI mean yes, certainly, Sir. All
	right, here you are.
After a while	5
Police officer	
	you're a student, I will just give you a
	warn to drive more careful. But, I have
	your name, address, and your car's
	number. So, I'll be watching you, OK?
	Be careful next time. Drive with more
	responsible.
Airien	: Yes, yes, I will remember, Sir. Thank you
	very much.
	-



Observe the following pictures and answer the questions orally.



Source: Publisher's Documentation



Source: Publisher's Documentation

- 1. What is happening in picture 1?
- 2. What is happening in picture 2?



Listen to the dialogues from the tape and fill in the blanks.



Source: Publisher's Documentation

Teacher:	Do you know what time it is?
Anwar :	,
Teacher:	Do you know the time of the class begins?
Anwar :	
Teacher :	That means you are late. Next time, <i>don't be</i>
	late.
Anwar :	Yes, Ma'am.

2.

1.



Source: Publisher's Documentation

Police :	Why do you put your child sits in front you? Do you know that it can be dangerous? And you also don't wear a helmet to your child?
Mr Kemas:	I'm sorry, Sir, I must drop my children at
	school. He is already late.
Police :	, you've broken the law. Don't
	break the rules anymore.
	Thank you.
Police :	Next time use a helmet and your child must sit at the back. Don't put your family in danger.



Source: Publisher's Documentation

Teacher	:	Hey, Andi. Are you sleeping?
Andi	:	Ohmmmsorry, Ma'am.
Teacher	:	!
Andi	:	Yes Ma'am,

4.

3.



Source: Publisher's Documentation

Miss Dian :	Rino?
Rino :	I'm typing on the computer, Miss. Is
	there a problem?
Miss Dian :	Yes, the computer will be repaired
	because it is full of viruses.
Rino :	
Miss Dian :	Don't use that computer.

Speech Act

•

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Examples of command and prohibition expressions Giving a command Put the report on my desk

Informal (older people to younger people)

Formal (younger people to older people or to a stranger)

- Bring the books.
- Open the door. .
- Close the door, please.
- Could you please give me the report?
- Come here, please.



Follow-up Activity

Everyone's house has rules. Your parents must apply some rules that you have to obey. List the rules on a piece of paper. You have to put them in English. Give the paper to your teacher to be signed. Then, stick your signed must-do-list to your bedroom wall.

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- express a command;
- express prohibition.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- express a command appropriately;
- express prohibition appropriately.



Answer the following questions orally.

- 1. Did you ever ask someone to do something for you?
- 2. What were their response?
- 3. What about you? Did you ever ask by someone to do something for her/him?
- 4. What were you response?



In pairs, take turns with your friend to practise the following dialogue.















Look at the following pictures. Describe them to the class like the example in Practice 2.



2.













Answer the following questions orally.

- 1. Have you ever prohibited someone from doing something?
- 2. What were their responses?



Read and practise the following dialogues.

1.

Source: Publisher's Documentation

Security	:	Sorry Sir, don't bring any animals to the hospital.
Mr Pinem	:	•
Security	:	It is dangerous for the people around
		here, especially for the patients.
Mr Pinem	:	Oh OK. No problem.
Security	:	Thank you, Sir.

2.



Source: Publisher's Documentation

- Mira : Hi... Rani, what's the matter?
- Rani : Hi... Mira, I have a problem with the book.
- Mira : What is that?

Yuni Septi

- Rani : Is this the book recommended by the teacher?
- Mira : Oh..that's not the book, don't use that book.
- Rani : *Oh..OK, thank you for the information.*

Complete and practise the following dialogues.

1. Mr Gusnaldi wants to fax some documents, but he doesn't know that the fax is out of order.

	Thalita	:	Good afternoon, Sir. By the way, what will you do with all those documents?
	Mr Gusnaldi	:	Good afternoon. Oh, I will send those documents to Pekanbaru using this fax.
	Thalita	:	Oh, please, Sir. The fax is out of order. You can use fax at front office desk in second storey.
	Mr Gusnaldi	:	Oh, I see, Thalita.
2.	Yuni Septi		Hello, Septi. Where are you going? Hello, Yuni. Oh, I will go to the toilet
	Yuni	:	Oh, don't use the toilet near the yard, OK?
	Septi	:	?



Make some dialogues based on the following situations. Then, practise them.

: Because it's under construction.

: Oh, I see. _____, Yuni.

- 1. You prohibit your mother to enter garage because the door is under construction. Then, your mother says thanks to you.
- 2. Your father prohibit you to go to Bidadari Island because the high tide. Then, you thank him.
- 3. Riska your best friend prohibit you to ride your bicycle because the road is slippery. then, You say thanks to her.
- 4. Deden prohibits Alam to cheat in the exam because it's a bad action.





Fill in the blank with the suitable expression.

- Teacher : All right, students. Let's start the quiz.
- Students : Excuse me, Sir. Can we open our books?
- Teacher : No! _____ Are you ready?
- Students : Yes, Sir.
- a. Come to me!b. Explain to me!
- c. Close your book!d. Open your book!

Adapted from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2002-2003

Grammar Stage

Verb -ing Affirmative

1	am	reading a newspaper.
You We They	are	playing video game. studying English. swimming.
He She The boy	is	writing.

Negative

1	am	not	reading a newspaper.
You We They	are		playing video game. studying English. swimming.
He She The boy	is		writing.

Questions

Am	I	reading a newspaper?		I	am.		I	'm not
Are	we they you	playing video game?	Yes,	we they you	are.	No,	we they you	aren't.
ls	he she	swimming? writing?		he she	isn't.		he she	isn't.

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

- read aloud short descriptive texts;
- read aloud a short functional text in the form of restaurant's ad and menu.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- get the meaning from short descriptive texts;
- read aloud a short functional text in the form of restaurant's ad and menu appropriately.



In ancient Greece, only

the sons of citizens could

attend school, and most

of the people in ancient

Greece were not citizens.

Taken from: The World Book Student Discovery

Encyclopedia, 2006

Horizon

New

Read aloud the following text carefully.



Anto is a junior high school student. He goes to SMP 6. Everyday, he goes to school on foot.

Anto likes reading books and he goes swimming every week. He never comes late to school. He always respects and obeys his parents and teacher.



In pairs, answer the following questions.

- 1. Who is Anto?
- 2. Where is he studying?
- 3. How does he go to school?
- 4. Does he like swimming?
- 5. Does he like coming late to school?
- 6. What about his attitude to his parents and teacher?



Read and study the following advertisements.

Yummy Restaurant

Opens for lunch and dinner. Specialities in *Pongteh* (chicken), *kuah lada* (fish), *chap chai* (vegetable). Get twenty percent discount!

Delicious Restaurant

Opens for breakfast and lunch. Specialities in sandwiches, chicken chop, fish and chips, and lamb chop. Get fifteen percent discount!

Work in pairs. Fill in the blanks to help you choose the restaurant and give your reasons.

	:	Place Specialities	: Delicious Restaurant : Chicken chop, fish and lamb
Discount	: Twenty percent		chop



Practice

Your teacher will read the following text. Pay attention to her/his pronunciation and punctuation.

Dream Food Restaurant

There is a new restaurant near my house in Jalan H. Ari No. 2. The restaurant is big and cozy. It has large parking and plenty of flower plants. Dream Food restaurant provides Japanese and Indonesian food. You should try its oxtail soup and dorayaki cake, the taste are so delicious. It also gives discount for student, just show your students' ID when you pay at the cashier.



Fill in the following table with some facts from the text.

Dream Food's Specialities Menu	Dream Food's Description	Dream Food's Location
	large parking	



Choose a,b or c for the right answer.

- 1. What is Dream Food?
 - a. Favourite food.
 - b. Restaurant.
 - c. A place near writer's house.
- 2. How does Dream Food look like?
 - a. It's large and comfortable.
 - b. It's nice but small.
 - c. It's far and cozy.
- 3. What kind of restaurant you think it is?
 - a. Teenager restaurant.
 - b. Family restaurant.
 - c. Kids restaurant.
- 4. What is the speciality menu there?
 - a. Soup.
 - b. Cake.
 - c. Oxtail soup.
- 5. What is the advantage by eating there?
 - a. Get a big discount.
 - b. Get promo price.
 - c. Get students' discount.



Discuss and answer the following questions.

- 1. What do you think of Dream Food restaurant? Explain your answer.
- 2. Can you give your opinion about some conditions of a restaurant should be?

Enrich Your Knowledge

Days of the week		For the	years we usually say	
Sunday, Monday, Wednesday, Thurs Friday, Saturday Months of the year		2005 :	nineteen eighty two thousand and fir two thousand and fir	
1.January4.2.February5.3.March6.	1-	uly August September	10. October 11. November 12. December	

Note

For the date we usually write and say (in British English) 1st March, 1999.

We read : the first of March nineteen ninety-nine.

Or : March 1st, 1999.

We read : March the first, nineteen ninety-nine.

Now, do the exercise following the examples.

Examples:

- a. What day is today? Today is Monday.
- b. What day is tomorrow? Tomorrow is Tuesday.
- c. What is the day after Tuesday? After Tuesday is Wednesday.
- 1. What day is today?
- 2. What day is tomorrow?
- 3. What is the day after Thursday?

Say it like the example.

Example: 2000 = two thousand

- 1. 2004
- 2. 1999
- 3. 2003

Do it like the examples.

Examples:

- a. What month is it now? Now it is October.
- b. What is the month before October? Before October is September.
- 1. What month is it now?
- 2. What is the month after January?
- 3. What is the month before August?

Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- write short functional text in the form of messages and announcements;
- get the meaning of short functional text in the form messages and announcements.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- write short functional text in the form of messages and announcements appropriately;
- write simple functional text for a puzzle appropriately.



Answer the following questions orally.

- 1. Have you ever read a message or an announcement?
- 2. Where was it?
- 3. What did it say?



Read the following message.

Mega writes a message to her friend, Samson. She wants to meet him at the library at 3:30 p.m. She says she'll be waiting at the main entrance.

Dear Samson, Please meet me at the library at 3:30 p.m. I'll be waiting at the main entrance.

See you later

Mega

Mega



In pairs, complete each message below. The clues will guide you.

 Write a note to your father. Ask him to pick you up at school at 3:00 p.m. Tell him that you will be waiting at the gate. Dad, ... at 3 : 00 pm. I'll be ...

- Leave a note for your friend, Dinda. Tell her that you are sorry. You will not be able to meet her on Friday. Ask her to call you later.
- 3. Write a note to your sister, Lisa. Tell her that you have to go early. Ask her to come to school.
- Write an announcement. The school board is going to have a meeting on Thursday, 10th March, 2005 at 10 o'clock. School will be over at 9:30.

Dinda, I'm ..., I can't Just call

Lisa, I have ..., just

There will be a On ... at The school



Write your own messages and announcements.

Fill in the crossword puzzle.



- 1. You study in the _____
- 2. He drinks _____ every morning.
- 3. My garden is _____ my house.
- 4. How much _____ do you have?
- 5. My _____ is near the river.
- 6. My favourite _____ is a rose.
- 7. We can cross the river through the _____.
- 8. Susi is a _____ girl.
- 9. Pour the _____ into a glass.
- 10. A parrot is a kind of _____.
- 11. The synonym of start is _____.
- 12. This letter needs an _____.

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Giving Commands
 - Close the door.
 - Open the book, please.
 - Expressing prohibition
 - Don't come late.
 - Don't be lazy.
- Grammar : Verb –ing Example :
 - I am *reading* a newspaper.
 - They are not *studying* English.
 - Are you playing a video game?

Learning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. What do you say to tell your friend to close the door?
- 3. What do you say to tell your friend not to come late?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.



What Should I Buy?

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- Listening to the politeness expressions
- · Listening to the short functional texts in the form of advertisement

Speaking

- Expressing politeness
- Expressing the meaning of short functional texts in the form of advertisement

Reading

- Reading aloud descriptive texts with correct pronunciation, stress and intonation
- Identify the meaning of short functional texts in the form of advertisement

Writing

- Writing descriptive texts
- Writing short functional texts in the form of advertisement

Listening

In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to the expressions of politeness;
- listen to the meaning of oral short functional texts about advertisement.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- respond to the expressions of politeness properly;
- respond to the meaning of oral short functional texts advertisement appropriately.



Answer the following questions.

- 1. Have you ever bought something?
- 2. Where do you usually go shopping?
- 3. What items do you usually buy?



Listen to the tape and complete the following dialogue.

Ms Wati	:
Assistant	: Yes, Miss. Can I help you?
Ms Wati	: Yes, I'm looking for a sweater?
Assistant	: We've got some sweaters over here. What
	colour are you looking for?
Ms Wati	: This blue one is nice.
Assistant	:?
Ms Wati	: I said this blue one is nice.
Assistant	: Yes it is. Is it for yourself?
Ms Wati	: Yes it is. Can I try it on,?
Assistant	: Yes, certainly, Miss.
Ms Wati	: No, it's too small. It doesn't fit me. Have
	you got one in a bigger size?
Assistant	: No, I'm afraid not. What about the yellow
	one?
Ms Wati	: No, I don't like the colour. Yellow doesn't
	suit me. OK, I'll leave it
Assistant	:



Listen to the tape again and discuss with your partner what the dialogue is about.

Listen to your teacher reading the following advertisements.

Shirt A

- Short sleeves
- Colors : blue with white flowers, red with purple flowers.
- With two pockets
- Fabric : cotton
- Price : thirty thousands rupiah.



- Shirt B Long sleeves
- Colors : dark blue, green, pink, yellow.
- With one pocket.
- Fabric : silk

•

• Price : fifty thousands rupiah.





Practice

4

Listen to the tape then fill in the blanks with suitable words.

- Selvi : Which one should 1____?
- Rina : Well, the short ²_____ shirt looks quite ³_____. The long-sleeved shirt makes you look more mature.
- Selvi : Both of them are very nice.
- Rina : The long-sleeved shirt comes in ⁴_____ different ⁵_____ to choose.
- Selvi : But it's far more 6_____ than the flowery shirt.
- Rina : That's because it is made of silk.
- Selvi : I will think about it before I buy it.
- Rina : OK.



Fill in the blanks to help Selvi choose her new shirt based on Practice 4.



A supermarket covers a broad variety of products. They may or may not be organized as carefully as a departmental store, as the products may range from groceries to automobiles. The displays are usually more point-of-sale centered, which means products are usually placed on the basis of demand.

Source: answers.yahoo.com



Shirt B Shirt A Sleeves : short Sleeves Colours : ____ Colours : four Pockets : two Pockets : __ Fabric Fabric : silk :____ Price Price : fifty thousands :_____ rupiah.

Listen to the tape carefully. Then, continue to write the following text.

I would buy a shirt with long sleeves because it will cover my arm from sunlight. The sleeves must have bright colour, such as yellow, orange or red. ______.

Pronoun Kinds of Vow				
///	/a/	/ʊ/	/ə/	
putt cut	pot cot	put look	another ocean	

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- express politeness expressions;
- express short functional text in the form of ads orally.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- express politeness expressions in a proper way;
- express short functional text in the form of ads correctly.



Practise the following expressions.

- *Excuse me*, can you tell me the way to the post office?
- Did I step on your toe? Excuse me.
- A : Is this your bag?
 - B : Excuse me?
 - A : I asked if this was your bag?



Work in pairs. Practise the dialogue.

- Mrs Abbas : *Excuse me*, I'd like a box of chocolates for my friend.
- Assistant : Yes, Madam. 500 grams?
- Mrs Abbas : How much is that?
- Assistant : Fifty thousand rupiah. These are good quality chocolates.
- Mrs Abbas : OK. I'll have them.

	Speech Act
Informal / Formal (to older people or to a stranger- people)	 <i>Excuse me</i> is a polite expression used: 1. to attract someone's attention: Excuse me, can you tell me the way to the museum, please? 2. to tell someone that you are leaving a place: Excuse me for a moment, Mr Astaman, but I have a lunch appointment in ten minutes 3. to say you are sorry when you hit someone accidentally, make a small mistake etc: Oh, excuse me, did I spell your name wrong?
	 to tell someone that you are leaving a place: Excuse me for a moment, Mr Astaman, but I have a lunch appointment in ten minutes to say you are sorry when you hit someone accidentally, make a small mistake etc:

	 4. to ask someone to repeat something that they have just said: A : What time is it? B : Excuse me? A : I asked you what time it is.
	Dialogue 1 Riki : Is it your book? Jamal : <i>Pardon</i> ? Riki : I said is it your book?
	 Dialogue 2 Riki : I think you're sitting on my jacket. Jamal : <i>I do beg your pardon</i>, I didn't know that this was your seat. Riki : That's all right.
Formal (to older people or to a stranger)	People say <i>I beg your pardon</i> or <i>pardon</i> or <i>pardon me</i> as a very polite way of asking someone to repeat what she/he just said because you did not hear or understand it. —Example: <i>Pardon, you have to talk louder, I can't hear you.</i>
	The expressions are also used to say that you are sorry because you have just made a mistake. Example: <i>I do beg your pardon, I thought you were someone</i> <i>else.</i>
Informal / Formal (to older people, give polite stress or to a stranger)	 You use <i>please</i>: 1. When you want to ask for something politely: <i>I'd like a cup of coffee, please.</i> 2. When politely asking to do something: <i>Could I speak to Brian, please?</i> 3. When you are politely accepting an offer: <i>More toast?</i> <i>Yes, please.</i> 4. When requesting information: <i>Please, Sir, how do you spell that?</i>
	 Waitress : Good afternoon. Can I help you? Riki : Good afternoon. Yes, I'd like fried chicken with fries and a coke, please. Waitress : Would you like a regular or large coke? Riki : Regular, please. Waitress : Would you like anything else? Riki : Yes, I'd like an ice cream, please. Waitress : What flavour would you like? Riki : Chocolate, please. Waitress : OK.



Study the following menu. Say the menu in correct pronunciation.




Now look at the box. Mention which food and drink in the menu in Practice 3?





Look at the food items in the box in Practice 4. Then complete the following dialogues.

1.	Shinta	:	Shinta, would you please buy me a? Certainly, Dad. Would you like an additional cheese to your cake? No, I wouldn't. Take the original one.
2.	Vita Waiter Vita Waiter	:	I would like with meat and vegetables topping. I beg you pardon, Miss? I like meat and vegetables on the topping, please. Ahh, all right, Miss. Please wait for twenty minutes.
3.	Buyung Uni		I like medium rare sirloin It tastes so delicious. I like mango It's a healthy drink.



Work in pairs. Make and practise a dialogue about ordering food and drink at the Ghaus's Fast Food.

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

- read aloud an advertisement;
- identify meanings of an advertisement.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- read aloud an advertisement correctly;
- understand meanings of an advertisement.

Answer the questions orally.

- 1. Have you ever read a shopping advertisement?
- 2. If you have, what information did you find?
- 3. Where do you usually find a shopping advertisement?



Practice

In pairs, decide whether the statements are true or false based on the advertisement.





- 1. DC World Bookstores sell men's and women's clothes.
- 2. Mega sells office equipment.
- 3. DC World Bookstores sale is for five days only.
- 4. Kitchen sets are on sale at Mega.
- 5. They often compete for money.
- 6. Rainbow Dept. Store has cameras for 30% off.
- 7. DC World Bookstore has books for 40% off.
- 8. Mega opens for 7 hours only.
- 9. Rainbow has leather sofas for 20% off.
- 10. Mega is located in Aceh.

Practice 3

Match the places in column A with the explanations in column B. Use your dictionary.

	А		В
1.	department store	а.	sells flowers
2.	grocery	b.	sells meat, chicken and eggs
3.	florist	C.	sells medicines and toilet articles
4.	greengrocery	d.	sells fish
5.	baker	e.	sells clothes and other things
6.	stationery	f.	sells cars or motorcycles
7.	drugstore	g.	sells sugar, flour, canned foods, etc
8.	fishmonger	h.	sells bread, cakes, pies
9.	butcher	i.	sells things for writing
10.	dealer	j.	sells fruit and vegetables

UN Challenge

Films

Look at the following table then answer the questions.

"KENCANA THEATRE"							
Weekly Audience							
1 2 3 4 5							
166	110	270	/ [1	170	100		

Die Hard	155	415	278	651	472	185	200
Rocky	262	400	160	115	215	200	100
Armageddon	400	450	650	580	700	100	115
Ghost	385	560	650	650	586	712	460

- 1. What is the most popular film?
 - a. Die Hard.
 - b. Rocky.
 - c. Armageddon.
 - d. Ghost.
- 2. When does the theatre get the most viewers?
 - a. The fifth day.
 - b. The fourth day.
 - c. The third day.
 - d. The first day.

Adapted from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2002-2003

7

Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- write descriptive texts;
- write short functional texts in the form of advertisement.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- write descriptive texts appropriately;
- write short functional texts in the form of advertisement appropriately.



Answer these questions orally.

- 1. Do you like to go to traditional markets?
- 2. What do you buy there?
- 3. Do you always bargain?
- 4. Do you like to buy red apples or green apples?



Study the dialogue.



At your age, body needs nutrition to grow strongly. To find out more about nutrition food, check this website: www.nutritionexploration. org/kids/nutrition-pyramid. asp



Source: www.maxpezzalinetwork

	: How much is a kilogramme of apples?
Seller	: Which kind, Sir?
Mr Imron	: These red ones.
Seller	: It's Rp15,000.
Mr Imron	: Oh, it's too expensive.
Seller	: No, Sir. These are very good apples.
Mr Imron	: I see. But can I have them for Rp12,000?
Seller	: Sorry, Sir. The price is fixed.
Mr Imron	: Well OK then, give me two kilogrammes,
	please.

Note					
Asking the	e pri	ice			
How much does		oes	one kilogramme of apple a bunch of banana	cost?	
How mu	ch is		a loaf of bread?		
It costs It is Bargaining	It is Rp1,000				
Can I have it them for Rp4,000?					
Sorry, the price is fixed.					



Study the following word and the example.

cost (v) 1. *membutuhkan biaya.* (n) 2. *harga.*

Example:

How much does it cost? (*Berapa harganya*?) Menanyakan harga yang barangnya belum dibeli. How much did it cost? (*Berapa harganya*?) Menanyakan harga yang barangnya telah dibeli.



In pairs, complete these dialogues. Do this in your exercise book.

1.

2.

3.



- A : How much is a kg of apples?
- B : It's Rp15,000.
- A : Can I have it for Rp14,000?
- B : Sorry, the price is fixed.



- A : How much is a tin of milk?
- B : It's_____. A : _____?
- B : Sorry, _____



А	:	?
В	:	?
А	:	?
В	:	?



Arrange the following sentences into a good paragraph.

- 1. But, her neighbour bought the same item in supermarket for Rp14,000..
- 2. Sometimes she gets very lower price.
- 3. Mrs Kusuma goes to traditional market everyday.
- 4. As an example, She bought a kilogramme of egg in traditonal market for Rp12,000.
- 5. She finds that traditional market costs more cheaper than a supermarket.
- 6. She likes to go to traditional market because she can bargain the price.



Read the following text and answer the questions that follow.



- 1. The Mighty Sale will go on for _____
- 2. The other items you can find in kitchen utensils are
- 3. The company that is holding the Mighty Sale hopes to attract customers by _____.
- 4. Rika spent Rp30,000 at the sale. She will get _____.
- 5. You can probably find this advertisement in a



Match the words in column A with their meanings in column B. Use your dictionary to help you.

А	В
 cafe aquarium bakery factory basin laundry 	 a. a room for washing the hands and face b. a place where people may get food and drinks c. a shopping centre d. a place where fish are kept e. a place for laundring clothes, etc f. a place where bread and cakes are made

- 7. lavatory
- 8. park
- 9. restaurant
- 10. warehouse
- g. a place where goods are stored
- h. a place where clothes are washed and ironed
- i. a place where things are made
- j. a place where works of art are shown



Write the dialogues based on the pictures and follow the example below. Do this in your exercise book.

Example:

- A Lie : I'm going to the supermarket. Can I get anything for you?
- Yuni : Yes, I need some bread.
- A Lie : How many loaves of bread do you need?
- Yuni : Just one *loaf*, please.

Source: www.recipetips.com

a bar of	an ounce of
a bottle of	a pack of
1.	2.
A :? B : A :? B :	A :? B : A :? B :
3.	4.
A :? B : A :? B :	A :? B : A :? B :



Complete the sentences with the phrases taken from the box.



- 1. I'll buy _____ bread.
- Do you want to buy _____ butter?
- 3. She has got _____ jam.
- 4. He has _____ porridge for breakfast.
- 5. There is ______ syrup on the table.6. Do you need ______ tea?
- 7. The students like to buy ______ ice-cream during the lunch break.
- 8. My uncle is going to buy _____ paper.
- 9. He is carrying _____ rice.
- 10. The doctor advises the child to drink _____ cough syrup three times a day.

Study the following advertisement.

End of Season Sale!

- Fashion up to 70% off •
- Shoes 30% 50%
- Bags 40% •

Being different at Soho **Department Store** 10 A.M. to 10 P.M.

Practice (10



Complete the following paragraph based on the advertisement.

Raina wants to buy her sister a new shoes and dress. She heard that at the ______, there is an ______sale. So, she is going to use this opportunity. Furthermore, she heard that the discount is big. Fashion up ______, shoes ______, bags ______. She plans to go there at 4 p.m. She takes easy because the place is not too far and it opens from ______ to _____.



Answer the following questions based on the advertisement.



- 1. What can you buy from the Boogey pet Shop?
- 2. Are they selling pet food? Give your reason.
- 3. Can we buy cat or bird there? Why?
- 4. What is the meaning by "reasonable price"?



Complete the following advertisement with your own words.

Grand Prix Trainers

Run faster than a cheetah with these fantastic new Grand Prix Trainers! Why walk to school when you can run like the wind? You will never be late again.

Super fast Grand Prix Trainers are made of

Now I've got Grand Prix trainers, I can spend an extra hour in bed every morning.

Harriet, Devon.

G I won all the races at school sports day when I wore my Grand Prix trainers. **9** *Vicky, London.*

Source: Brainwaves, 1999



In pairs, make an advertisement to attract the tourists to visit your province. An example is given below.

COME TO INDONESIA! Here are just a few of the amazing places that you can visit...



Source: www.kuta-lombok.net

Feel the breeze of mountain wind, enjoy the night falls with the trace of sunset, see uniqueness of Tengger Tribes... Feel the warmth of the sun in your skin, push your adrenaline into the peak of the blue wave, and taste our fresh sea food under the waving coconut trees...





Source: www.fao.org

Source: privatebrian.files.wordpress.com

Have you ever seen an elephant's painting? How about watching elephant's dancing? Also enjoy the wildlife...



Fill in the crossword by completing the following sentences below. Do this in your exercise book.

- 1. You _____ Rp20,000 a day.
- 2. A _____ is someone who buys.
- 3. The synonym of trip is not _____ but journey.
- 4. Talking about prices is _____.
- 5. A person who receives and pays out money in a shop is _____.
- 6. The synonym of long pants is _____.
- 7. What ______ is it? It's two o'clock.
- 8. The day before today is _____.
- 9. _____ you for your coming.
- 10. Rini's _____ is blue.



76 English in Focus for Grade VII

Grammar stage

Study the following sentences.

- 1. The school building is big.
- 2. The girl is beautiful.
- 3. The leaf is green.
- 4. The sky is blue.
- 5. The cat is cute.

Look at the following sentences.

- The flower is red. We can also say: It is a red flower.
- 2. The leaf is green. We can also say: It is a green leaf.

Now, do as the example.

Example:

Mrs	Ána	:	Look at the table Anto!
Ant	0	:	(+) Yes, mother. It is a round table.
Ben	0	:	I think this car is expensive.
Lun	а	:	(-) No. This is not an expensive car.
1.	Nabila	:	My dress is pink. Is it beautiful?
	Rido	:	(+) Yes
2.	Andre	:	Hey, this book is thick.
	Kemala	1:	(–) No
3.	Sita	:	My ruler is long.
	Tio	:	(–) No
4.	Andika	:	This bag is brown.
	Vita	:	(+) Yes

Write short dialogues based on the words given. Follow the example. Then practise the dialogues in front of the class.

Example:

- 1. cat/big/Miss Ela
 - Neta : Whose cat is that?
 - Devi : Which one?
 - Neta : The big one.
 - Devi : Oh, that's Miss Ela's.
- 2. dog/little/Suzana
- 3. coat/red/Danu
- 4. hat/brown/Anwar
- 5. book/yellow/Dicky

Follow-up Activity

Where can you find English words? At home? At school? At the shops? In the town? Collect all the English words you see. Collect some pictures with the words. Tell the class your ideas.

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Expressing politeness
 - Excuse me, can you tell me the way to the post office?
 - Pardon?
 - Sit down, please.
 - Grammar : Adjectives Example :
 - That is an *expensive* car.
 - This is a *thick* book.
 - My cat has a *white* tail.
 - My bag is brown.
 - My father's shirt is blue.

L earning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. When do you say 'Excuse me'?
- 3. When do you say 'Pardon'?
- 4. When do you say 'Please'?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher. Exercise of Chapters 1-4

Choose either a, b, c, or d for the correct answer. Questions 1-3 are based on the dialogue.

Deni is a new student. He meets Hari in the canteen.

- Deni : Hi, my name is Deni. What is your name?
- Hari : Hi, my name is Hari. Are you a new student?
- Deni : Yes, I am. I'm in 1C, and you?
- Hari : Me, too. Then we are classmates.
- 1. Deni is _____
 - a. a new teacher
 - b. a new student
 - c. a teacher
 - d. a librarian
- 2. Deni meets Hari in _____
 - a. the classroom
 - b. the library
 - c. the yard
 - d. the canteen
- 3. Are they classmates?
 - a. Yes, they are.
 - b. No, they are not.
 - c. Yes, they are not.
 - d. No, they are.
- 4. Sigit : I have to go now. Nice to meet you, Sri.
 - : _____, Sigit.
 - a. Bye

Sri

- b. How do you do?
- c. Nice to meet you, too
- d. Pleased to meet you
- 5. Nicky : I'm going to sleep now. Stuart : OK. _____.
 - a. Good night
 - b. Goodbye
 - c. Bye
 - d. Good evening

- 6. It ______ a fish.
 - a. is c. are
 - b. am d. go
- 7. The boys _____ reading.
 - a. is c. are
 - b. am d. sit
- 8. Something you can find in your classroom is a _____.
 - a. radio
 - b. pillow
 - c. stove
 - d. blackboard
- 9. _____ is sitting on a beach.
 - a. A man c. Man
 - b. A men d. Men
- 10. The woman is a teacher. The plural form of the sentence is
 - a. the woman are teachers
 - b. the woman is a teacher
 - c. the women are teachers
 - d. the women are teacher
- 11. I don't have _____ sugar.
 - a. some c. and
 - b. any d. the
- 12. Is there _____ book in your bag?
 - a. some c. but
 - b. and d. a
- 13. Do you have _____ coffee?
 - a. some c. and
 - b. any d. the
- 14. Look at the pictures.



The appropriate command expression is ______.

- a. Open the door, please
- b. Close the window, please
- c. Close the book, please
- d. Open the book, please
- 15. Look at the pictures.



The appropriate command expression is.

- a. Stand up, please.
- b. Raise your hand, please.
- c. Wave your hand, please.
- d. Sit down, please.
- 16. Rima : I want to go to the library.
 - Anto : _____
 - Rima : Why?
 - Anto : The library is closed until Saturday
 - a. Stand up, please
 - b. Dont go there
 - c. Sit down
 - d. Don't smoke
- 17. Look at the picture.



What are they doing?

- a. They are talking.
- b. They are smiling.
- c. They are laughing.
- d. They are crying.

18. Look at the picture.



What is she doing?

- a. She is sleeping.
- b. She is lying.
- c. She is cooking.
- d. She is closing.
- 19. Fitra : What is Eka doing? Linda : He (study) English.
 - a. He studying English.
 - b. He studies English.
 - c. He is studying English.
 - d. He study English.
- 20. Wulan : What is Susan doing?
 - Citra : She (cook) fried rice.
 - a. She is cooking fried rice
 - b. She cooks fried rice
 - c. She cooking fried rice
 - d. She is cooks fried rice
- 21. _____ Betty working in the post office?
 - a. Is c. Are
 - b. Am d. Do
- 22. _____ you coming here?
 - a. Is c. Are b. Am d. Do
- 23. Rima : Thank you for your attention. Anto : _____.
 - a. You are welcome
 - b. I am very sorry
 - c. Please excuse me
 - d. Thanks
- 24. Ranti : I'm sorry, I broke your ruler. Angga: _____.
 - a. Thank you
 - b. Never mind
 - c. Please excuse me
 - d. You are welcome

25. Rono : I apologise for my mistake. Ami :____ a. Thank you My pleasure b. c. It doesn't matter d. You are welcome 26. Riri : Mam, I'm sorry, I forgot to buy 1 kg of sugar as you requested. Mother : What? How could you forget? Oh, OK _____. a. you're welcome b. thank you c. my pleasure d. never mind _____ a book on the desk. 27. _ a. There are b. There is c. These are d. Those are 28. ____ _____ any ink in the bottle? a. There is c. Is there b. There are d. Are there 29. How many children _____ in your family? a. there is c. is there b. are there d. there are 30. _____ three girls waiting for the bus. a. There is c. Are there b. Is there d. There are 31. Santi : Could you pass me the sugar, please? Liya : __ a. Thank you Here you are b. c. Yes, I am d. No, thank you : Can you show me where the 32. Linda library is? : _____. It's near the lab. Nina a. Sorry b. You know

- c. Sure
- d. I don't think so

- 33. Teacher : Rika, close the door, please. Rika : _____.
 - a. Thank you
 - b. Yes, Ma'am
 - c. No problem
 - d. Never mind
- 34. Sinta : Watching the midnight movie is fun.
 - Eka : No, ____
 - a. I don't think so
 - b. I disagree with you
 - c. thanks
 - d. sure
- 35. It is a _____ painting.
 - a. beautiful c. cruel
 - b. beautifully d. unusual
- 36. The rose smells _____
 - a. good c. naughty
 - b. delicious d. neat
- 37. She is a nice little _____
 - a. girl c. pen
 - b. table d. house
- 38. The soup tastes _____.
 - a. beautiful c. ugly
 - b. delicious d. kind
- 39. Irwan : Thank you for coming. Anto : _____.
 - a. Sorry
 - b. No problem
 - c. I don't know
 - d. Sure
- 40. Sigit : I'm sorry for not calling you.
 - Sri : _____ a. That's OK
 - b. Any time
 - c. You're welcome
 - d. Sure

Put the words in the right order.

- 1. (had/wonderful/a/l/holiday)
- 2. (today/is/the weather/nice) _____.

Change the sentences into plural forms.

- 3. The girl is buying a book.
- 4. The cat is sleeping under the table.

- 5. The woman is reading a magazine.
- 6. The man is cleaning a car.

Use the words given to make sentences using verb -ing.

- 7. I / draw / a picture. (+)
- 8. She / clean / the house. (+)
- 9. Your brother / not read / a book. (-)
- 10. We / watch / television. (?)



Family Life

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

• Listening to the expressions for asking and giving opinion

Speaking

- Expressing likes and dislikes
- Asking for opinion

Reading

- Getting information from a descriptive text
- Reading aloud a descriptive text

Writing

- Writing a simple descriptive text about family
- Writing short functional texts in the form of greeting cards

Listening

Practice

In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to giving opinion on things in your house and school.
- After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:
- give opinion on things in your house and school appropriately.

Listen and repeat after your teacher.

Things in your house	Things in your classroom
1. sofa	1. blackboard
2. table	2. book
3. stove	3. pencil
4. bed	4. ruler
5. pillow	5. chair



Listen to the teacher read the following dialogues. Then, select the right picture.

1.	Abu	:	What do you think of the car?
	Hani	:	I think it's a good car.
2.	Susilo	:	I don't know what to wear this day.
	Jesi	:	What about the clothes you just bought
			last week?
	Susilo	:	Is it nice?
	Jesi	:	Well, I must say it is nice.
3.	Mother	:	What do you think about our new sofa?
	Father	:	I don't know. Maybe it's good.
4.	Nina	:	This is my new cat. My father bought it
			for me yesterday. What do you think?
	Heru	:	I'd say it's cute.
5.	Santi	:	I think this book is interesting. What do you
			think?
	Maya	:	Well, in my opinion it is a good book.



Source: Kamus Visual, 2007



Source: Kamus Visual, 2007



Source: CD Images



Source: Kamus Visual, 2007



Source: bukubukuuu.files.wordpress.com

Note

The italicised phrases are the expressions of *giving* opinion.



Listen to a dialogue from the tape then fill in the blanks. Work in pairs.

- Lea : Do you know that Jimmy has a new car?
- Gito : 1______ it's a nice car.2_____?
- Lea : ³_____ it's too early for him to have a car?
- Gito : I know what you mean. ⁴_____ he should wait for another four years.
- Lea : You're right.

Pronounce It!

Introducing to Phonetic Symbols Sounds (: = for long vowels)

i		boan	/bi:n/
1			
a	:	barn	/ba:n/
С	:	born	/bɔ:n/
u	:	boon	/bu:n/
3	:	burn	/b3:n/



Now, pronounce the following words with the help of your teacher. Then identify which words have long sound. Discuss with your friend.





In pairs, find the antonym of the words in Practice 4. Consult your dictionary if necessary.



Listen to the tape then match the words you hear with its pictures.















Source: Kamus Visual, 2007

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- express likes and dislikes;
- ask for opinion.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- express likes and dislikes appropriately;
- ask for opinion appropriately.



Practise the dialogues in the pictures.



Mother likes her new sofa.



My sister doesn't like her new dress.



Practise the dialogues with your partner.

- 1. A : Do you like reading books?
 - B : Yes, I do. / like it a lot.
 - A : What kinds of books do you like?
 - B : *I like* storybooks, such as Aladdin, Malin Kundang and Cinderella.
- 2. A : Do you like playing games?
 - B : Yes, I like it a lot.
 - A : What game do you like?
 - B : *I am very fond* of flying kites.
- 3. A : Do you like fish?
 - B : *No, I don't like* fish but I like beef.
- 4. A : Don't you like hamburger?
 - B : *I can't stand* hamburger but *I'm really fond* of cake.

	Speech Act	
	Likes	Dislikes
Informal (older people to younger people) Formal (younger people to older people or to a stranger)	 I like/love I (really) enjoy I do like/love I'm (really) very fond of 	 (I'm afraid) I don't like I (really) hate I can't bear I can't stand



Practise the following dialogue.

- Baim : Where are you going, Febi?
- Febi : Oh, I'm going to the canteen.
- Baim : Can I join?
- Febi : Sure. Let's go.
- Baim : Anyway, what's your favourite food?
- Febi : *I love fried noodle so much*, but *I can't stand with fried prawn*, I'm allergy. What about you, Baim?
- Baim : I see. Well, I enjoy vegetables soup and I hate nuts.



In pairs, make a short dialogue using the expressions in Practice 2. Then act it out.



Asking for someone's opinion	Giving opinion	Saying no opinion
 What do you think about? What's your opinion of? What about? What would you say to? 	 I think it's a good idea. Well, I must say Don't you think? I'd say 	• I don't know.



Practise the following dialogue.

- Chica : Damar, what do you think of Indonesian horror movies in the cinemas recently? I mean, do you like them?
- Damar : Well, I'd say I don't really like them. I'd prefer comedy.
- Chica : Why? Horror movie is very entertaining.
- Damar : In my opinion, why do we pay just to be frightened?
- Chica : And why do we pay just to laugh? hahahha.



In pairs, write short dialogues using the expressions of asking and giving opinion. Then practise them.

Grammar Stage

Prepositions

Study the sentences.

- The book is *on* the table.
- The ball is *under* the chair.
- The broom is *behind* the door.
- The boys are *in front of* a car.
- The hat is *in* the drawer.
- I am sitting *beside* Sigit.

On, under, behind, in front of, *in*, and *beside* are called prepositions.

Observe the pictures. Make sentences by adding prepositions such as: *in*, *on*, *under*, or *around*.



UN Challenge

Fill in the blank with the suitable preposition.

My father puts his wallet _____ the table.

- a. beside
- b. under
- c. at
- d. on

Taken from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2006

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

- read aloud a descriptive text;
- get specific information from a text.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- read aloud a descriptive text correctly;
- get specific information from a text.



Observe the picture, then answer the questions orally.



You can still have a fun holiday just playing at home. For ideas of fun games to play, log on to: http://health.kaboose. com/active-kids/summerbackyard-games.html



Source: www.adrhi.com

- 1. Do you know what place it is?
- 2. Have you ever been to a beach?
- 3. Where do you usually spend your holiday?
- 4. With whom do you usually spend your holiday?



Imagine you were taking a holiday at a beach. List things you would find there. Compare your list with your friend's.



Read the text carefully.



My name is Kevin. My parents' names are Mr and Mrs Steward. I have two elder sisters. Their names are Jessica and Hanna. We like travelling. The place that we often visit is Bali. Almost every holiday, we go to my grandfather's house in Bali. He has a restaurant near Kuta beach. The restaurant faces directly to the beach so that the people in the restaurant can see the sunset. The tourists like to visit my grandfather's restaurant.



Answer the questions based on the text.

- 1. What is the writer's name?
- 2. How many sisters does he have?
- 3. What place that Kevin and his family often visit when holiday?
- 4. Who like travelling?
- 5. Where does the restaurant face directly to?

Follow-up Activity

Go to your house yard, schoolyard, or a park in your town. Describe the place. If you have a digital camera, capture the place. Then, attach the photograph with your writing. If you don't have the camera, draw the place on a drawing paper. Color it. Attach the picture with your description. You are just making an article! Collect to your teacher and see your friends' articles.



Everyday, his family getting up at 4.30 a.m. Then, they have breakfast at 6.30 a.m. After that, Mr Syailendra goes to work at 7.00 a.m. with his daughter, Meska that goes to school. If Sunday comes, they have lunch together at 11.30 a.m.



Read the following habit of Mr Made Sugawa's family. Then make a paragraph. Follow the example in Practice 6.

Mr Made Sugawa Family Series of Activities





Work in pairs. Make a paragraph with the help of the following questions.

- 1. a. Where does Lilis stand?
 - b. Does she get up at six thirty?
 - c. Is she wearing pyjamas?
 - d. Can you mention the things in her room?



- 2. a. Where is Mr Bang So Yeun?
 - b. Does he always wear a helmet when he rides on his motorcycle?
 - c. Is he wearing a jacket?
 - d. Does he always ride his motorcycle to the office?



Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- write a simple descriptive text about family;
- write greeting cards.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- write a simple descriptive text about family appropriately;
- write greeting cards appropriately.



- 1. Do you know what picture it is?
- 2. What does the picture describe?
- 3. Can you describe the picture in your own words?



Source: CD Image



Write your own greeting cards based on the situations given.

- 1. Write an Idul Fitri card to your parents.
- 2. Write a wedding card to your aunt.
- 3. Write a birthday card to your sister.



Enrich Your

Knowledge



It is six o'clock.



It is three twenty or it is twenty past three.

Telling the Time



It is eight thirty or it is half past eight.



It is five thirty five or it is twenty-five to six.



It is nine o'clock.



It is one fifteen or it is a quarter past one.
Write the time descriptions. Number one has been done for you.

- 1. 10:17 = ten seventeen or it's seventeen past ten
- 2. 11:20 = _____ or _____
- 3. 03:27 = _____ or _____
- 4. 06:35 = _____ or _____
- 5. 01:50 = _____ or ____

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Asking and giving opinion
 - What do you think of the car?
 - I think it's a good car.
 - Expressing likes and dislikes
 - I like my new sofa.
 - I can't stand hamburger.
- Genre of Text: Descriptive Text
 - ► Social function:
 - To describe a particular person, place or thing
 - ► Generic structure:
 - Identification: identifies phenomenon to be described
 - Description: describes parts, qualities, and characteristics.
- Grammar: Prepositions

Examples:

- The cat is *under* the chair.
- The boys are *in front of* a car.
- The girl is standing *next* to me.

Learning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. You are reading a novel. You think the story is funny. How do you express it?
- 3. Your mother gives you a bicycle. You like it. What do you say to express it?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.



What Do You Do?

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- Listening to the expressions for asking and giving something
- · Listening to the monologues of descriptive texts

Speaking

- Asking and giving something
- Describing people

Reading

- Getting information from a text
- Reading a descriptive text

Writing

• Writing a descriptive text

Listening

In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to the expressions for asking and giving something;
- listen to the descriptive monologues.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- give appropriate responses to the expressions for asking and giving something.
- give appropriate responses to the descriptive monologues.



Listen to the dialogues from the tape. Fill in the blanks with the words in the box.

tea	coffee
bun	drink
ice cream	bread

Dialogue 1

Dimas : May I have a 1_____ and two slices of 2_____?

- Assistant : Yes of course. Do you want a ³_____ or a ⁴_____?
- Dimas : I want a cup of tea please

Dialogue 2

Amel : May I have ⁵ _____, please? Assistant : I am sorry. We serve ⁶ _____ but no coffee here.



Answer the questions.

- 1. What does Dimas want to buy?
- 2. What does Dimas say?
- 3. What does the assistant say?
- 4. What does the assistant offer?
- 5. What does Amel want to buy?
- 6. Does the assistant serve it?
- 7. What does the assistant say?



Listen to the dialogues from the tape. Fill in the blanks with the words in the box.

- Sure. Glad to help.
- Yes, of course.
- I'm sorry. I don't have a spade.
- Certainly, here it is.

Dialogue 1

Jimbo	:	May I have	another story book, please?
Librarian	:	1	5

Dialogue 2

Amel Jimbo : Could I borrow your spade? : ²_____.

Dialogue 3

5		
Uncle	:	Could you wash the cups, please?
Maid	:	4

Dialogue 4

Aunt Eni	:	Could you pass the salt, please?
Gandi	:	4



Look at the pictures and listen to the questions from the tape, answer them by ticking the correct pictures.



Fireman

Waiter Athlete

Source: Stockbyte
Secretary



Listen to the text and fill in the blanks.

This is Rianti. She is a ¹____ She works for a ²_____ company in Jakarta. There is a computer on her 3 ... She often types letters on the computer. She also answers the telephone and ⁴_____ messages. Sometimes, she goes to 5_ and takes notes.



Source: www.lacc.com

Lidia is a nurse. She works in a 1_____ in Surabaya. She helps the ²_____ and looks after the ³_____. She gives the patients the ⁴_____, and she often talks to them and listens to their problems. Sometimes, she talks to the patients' families. She always wears her nurse's 5____



Source: www.rs-gandaria com

cashier : /kæˈʃɪə/	
gardener : /'ga:dnə/	
waiter : /'weɪtə/	
driver : /'draɪvə/	
secretary : /'sekrətrı/	
typist : /'taɪpɪst/	
electrician : /'ılek'trıʃn/	

UN Challenge

Choose a, b, c or d for the correct answer.

Marisa works aboard the plane. She is helpful and friendly. She serves drinks and meals to the passengers. It is part of the service. What is she?

- a. A steward.b. A co-pilot.c. A flight engineer.d. A stewardess.

Taken from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2004

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- ask and give something;
- describe people.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- ask and give something correctly;
- describe people correctly.



Look at the following pictures and answer the questions orally.



- 1. What is happening in picture 1?
- 2. What is happening in picture 2?



Study the dialogue.

Mrs Anwar is Luki 's mother. She cooks for the dinner now. Mrs Anwar : Luki, come here. Luki : Yes, Mom. What's the matter? Mrs Anwar : Luki, *can you get me some chillies from the*

- Mrs Anwar : Luki, can you get me some chillies from the refrigerator please?
- Luki : Yes, sure Mom. What are you making anyway, Mom?
- Mrs Anwar : I will make *rendang*, Luki. Your father likes it very much.

Note

The italicised sentence is an example of *asking someone for something*.

Practice 3	Pra	actise the f	ol	lowing di	ia	logues.
Practice	 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 	Lely Oki Mr Dudy Librarian		Oki, pass Here you a Sir, could clopedia v I can't rea Yes, certair Vivian, br the table, It's coming Tukirah, t It's dirty. Yes, Miss Mom, I wi Could you	s m are Vo ach nly rin g, tal	the the salt, please. <i>e, Lely.</i> ou please get me the Ency- lume 5 above? It's too high, it. <i>y, Sir. I'll get it for you.</i> ng me the newspaper from ease. <i>Daddy.</i> ke this glass to the kitchen.
	S	peech Act				
		Asking sor	net	thing		Giving something
Informal (older people to younger people) Formal (younger people to older people or to a stranger)		 Can you gi Take me th Could you Would you 	nat ple	 ease		 Sure. Glad to help Yes, of course. Certainly, here it is.
	_					

Practise the following dialogue.

Uncle Ferdi	: Hello, Risa. Where have you been?
Risa	: Oh, hello Uncle Ferdi. I'm very busy with
	my school' project.
Uncle Ferdi	: Oh, I see. Err, Risa, by the way, Can you
	give me that newspaper? I haven't read it
	yet.
Risa	: Sure, uncle. Here you are.
Uncle Ferdi	: How's your school anyway?
Risa	: Doing good Uncle. I must face final exam
	next week. By the way, would you please
	pass me the syrup, Uncle?
Uncle Ferdi	:Yes, of course. Ok, just study hard for your
	final exam.
Risa	: Yes, Uncle. Thank you very much.

Practice 4



Make some dialogues *where someone is asked to do something*. Work in pairs the practise them with your friend.

Practise the following dialogues.



Source: Stockbyte

- Alam : Where does Mr Fandi work?
- Tedi : He works for Garuda Indonesia Airways.
- Alam : Is he a flight attendant?
- Tedi : No. He is a pilot.
- Alam : What does he look like?
- Tedi : He is tall and has a short black hair.
- 2.

1.



Source: brucefong.files.wordpress.com

- Evi : Where does Ima work?
- Eka: She works in a restaurant.
- Evi : Is she a waitress?
- Eka: Yes. She is a waitress.
- Evi : What does she look like?
- Eka: She looks friendly and neat.



In pairs, answer the following questions based on the dialogues.

- 1. Where does Mr. Fandi work?
- 2. What does he do?
- 3. Does Ima work for Garuda Indonesia Airways?
- 4. Where does she work?
- 5. Is she a cook or a waitress?



Observe the picture, then answer the questions orally.



Source: www.kapanlagi.com

- 1. Do you know who she is?
- 2. What type of hair does she have?
- 3. How does she look like?
- 4. What does she do?



Work in pairs. Take turn to describe your friend, also mention your friend address, hobby and habbit.



Study the picture. Put the numbers in the correct box. Do this in your exercise book. Then mention the words loudly.





Fill in the blanks to complete the dialogue based on the example. Then practise them.



Ucok-curly hair-a student

Ruben	:	Do you know Ucok?
Hetti	:	Yes, I do.
Ruben	:	What is he like?
Hetti	:	He has curly hair.
Ruben	:	What does he do?
Hetti	:	He is a student.





Heni	: Do you	?
Butet	: Yes,	
Heni	: What	?
Butet	: She has	
Heni	: What	?
Butet	: She is	



Isye-long and black hair-a shopkeeper



Straight hair is very sleek and shiny because there is no curl pattern which allows the light to reflect off of the hair giving it a shiny finish. Wavy hair is thick and coarse with a frizzier look. Curly hair easily absorbs the water and shrinks quite a bit. This hair is very springy. If you pull on it, it bounces back into its original curly state.

Source: www.curlyhairsalon.com

Tuti	:	?
Ani	:	
Tuti	:	?
Ani	:	
Tuti	:	?
Ani	:	



Study the following pictures. Then mention their descriptions.





Describe yourself to the class. These words may help you.

- long hair/short hair
- curly hair/straight hair
- fat/slim
- tall/short
- black eyes/brown eyes

Example:

My name is Yuni. I have black eyes, long and black hair, ...

Grammar Stage

Simple Present Tense

Personal pronoun	Verb: sing	Personal pronoun	Verb: have
I/you/we/they	sing	l/you/we/they	have
she/he/it	sings	she/he/it	has

- 1. I study English.
- 2. He stops working at 2 p.m.
- 3. A pilot flies a plane.
- 4. They like Westlife.
- 5. I have a book.

We use the Simple Present Tense to talk about:

- our habits;
- general truth;



Give the correct form of the present tense for the verbs in brackets.

- 1. She (read) the newspaper every day. *She reads the newspaper every day.*
- 2. We (come) to work by bus.
- 3. I always (walk) to the office.
- 4. You (attend) class twice a week.
- 5. I (have) lunch in the cafeteria every day.
- 6. Helen (work) very hard.
- 7. I (like) sunbathing.
- 8. The dog (chase) the cat all around the house.
- 9. Mr Smith (work) for a small airline.
- 10. Gene usually (sit) at this desk.

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

- get information from a text about professions;
- identify main ideas in a text about professions;
- identify parts of a descriptive text.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- get information from a text about professions;
- identify main ideas in a text about professions;
- read and identify parts of a descriptive text.



Read the text carefully.



Mr Kartolo is very happy. The rainy season of this year makes the farm beautiful. It is planting time! Rice fields become fresh and green during this season and by the end of this season Mr Kartolo is ready to harvest his crops.

Mr Kartolo ploughs the land at the beginning of the rainy season. Then, he usually works early and finishes at noon. Milking the cows, feeding the livestock, and cleaning the barns are among Mr Kartolo's duties before breakfast. He does most of the hard outdoor work by himself.



Practice

In pairs, answer the following questions.

- 1. What is a farm like during the rainy season?
- 2. What is the colour of the rice field in the rainy season?
- 3. When does Mr Kartolo's workday end?
- 4. When does Mr Kartolo plough the land?

Match the following words with their appropriate meanings. Work in pairs.

А	В
1. harvest 2. plough	 a. building for storing hay b. amount of grain, grass, etc produce in a year or season
 crops barn out door 	c. situated outside buildingd. cutting and gathering of cropse. break up the surface of land



Discuss with your partner to decide whether the statements are true or false.

- 1. Farmers work on the farm.
- 2. A pilot flies a plane.
- 3. Doctors find jobs at schools.
- 4. Teachers teach at schools.
- 5. Engine drivers drive buses.
- 6. Pearl-divers cannot swim.
- 7. Sailors work on land.
- 8. Miners must have good stamina.
- 9. Taxi drivers usually own their taxis.
- 10. Chefs work in an office.

Read the text carefully.

I have a neighbour. His name is Reno. He is a clown. He works in a carnival. His job is to entertain people. He makes people laugh. He wears a very colourful costume. He also wears a colourful wig and he paints his face. He is very funny and kind.





Find the main idea of the paragraph from the text in Practice 5.

Note

Characteristics of Descriptive Text

- *A descriptive text* is a text that describes the features of someone, something, or a certain place.
- *Introduction* is the part of the paragraph that introduces the character. Example : *Mr Kartolo is very happy. The rainy season of this year makes the farm beautiful.*
- *Description* is the part of the paragraph that describes the character. Example : *Mr Kartolo ploughs the land at the beginning of the rainy season. Then, he usually works early and finishes at noon.*



Work in pairs. Find characteristics of text in Practice 5.



Find the Indonesian words of these words. Use the dictionary to help you.

- 1. neighbour (n)
- 2. clown (n)
- 3. work (n)
- 4. carnival (n)
- 5. job (n)
- 6. entertain (v)
- 7. laugh (v)
- 8. funny (adj)
- 9. wig (n)
- 10. kind (adj)

Writing

Practice

In this section, you will learn how to:

1

• write descriptive text about professions.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

• write descriptive text about professions appropriately.

Look at the photos. Match the pictures to the descriptions below.



Source: Cavendish College London, 2005

- a. This is my friend Oscar Ramirez. He is from Guadalajara in Mexico. He's a teacher.
- b. This is my friend Jane Knightley. She is from Manchester in Britain. She is an artist.
- c. These are Kevin Kuranyi and Andreas Brehme. They are from Berlin in Germany. They are students.



Complete the sentences with words in the box.







She's a _____

He's a _____



She's a _____



She's a _____



6 Gigi kuat Bersih, bersinar Sikat Gigi 2x Sehari

He's a _____



He's a _____



He's a _____



He's a _____



He's a _____



Match the questions to the answers.

	Questions		Answers
1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Where's he from? What's her name? Where are they from? What's his name? What's her job?	b. c. d.	Her name's Bianka. She's an athlete. His name's Dida. He's from Brazil. They're from Uruguay.



Complete these sentences by using the words in the box. Write them down in your exercise book.



- 1. A person who flies an aeroplane is a _____
- 2. A person who sets electric systems is an _____.
- 3. A person who takes pictures is a _____.
- 4. A person who drives for someone else is a _____
- 5. A person who answers the phone and receives guests in a hotel or in an office is a _____.
- 6. A person who serves passengers on a flight is
- 7. A person who makes furniture is a _____.
- 8. A person who makes our clothes is a ______.



Write descriptions of two persons on the chart.

Name:	Mina Azrina	David Oloan Tobing
Town/Country:	Bukit Tinggi West Sumatra	Brastagi North Sumatra
Job:	Editor	Teacher

It starts : This is Mina Azrina. She's from



Make sentences using the words in the table.

Example:

Eliza is a secretary. She works in an office. She types letters.

No.	А	В	С
1.	Eliza	a secretary	in an office
2.	Mrs Tike	a teacher	in SMP 6
3.	Mr Salam	a journalist	for Kompas
4.	Toni and Andi	guides	for a travel agency
5.	The men	mechanics	in a workshop



Log On

As a student, you must plan a schedule to organise your activity at school and house. Log on to this website to get printable calendars to arrange your schedule. *www.cardfountain.com*



- 1. Mr Takashimura is a postman.
- 2. He stops working at 2 p.m.
- 3. Every day he delivers letters to many people.
- 4. He works at the Central Post Office.
- 5. He is happy to be a postman.
- 6. Then he continues to the addresses far from his office.
- 7. He usually starts his job at 8 a.m.
- 8. First, he goes to the addresses near his office.



Think of someone you know. Write a description. Say who they are, where they come from and what their jobs are.

Follow-up Activity

Make a calendar for a month. Use your coloured pencil, glue, and colorful paper. You can add some pictures to make it more colorful. Then, write your schedule. For the whole month. Put the calendar on your bedroom wall. From now on, you can make your life more organised.

Enrich Your Knowledge

Junot's Work History

Places	Dates	Job Descriptions
Luis' Market	Jan., 2000 – June, 2000	He dealed as a cash register.
Summer Camp	June, 2000 – Sept., 2000	He helped Chinese teacher's.
Beauty Homes	June, 2002 – Sept., 2002	He painted walls.
Big Construction Co.	June, 2003 – Sept., 2003	He used powertools.
Bacabaca Library	October, 2003 – June, 2004	He dealed with data base.
Microtel, Inc.	June, 2004 – present	He made computer programmes.

Adapted from: Interaction Access, 2002

Match Junot's job title to the workplace.

А	В	
 painter supermarket clerk computer programmer teacher's assistant construction worker librarian 	 a. Microtel, Inc. b. Bacabaca Library c. Luis' Market d. Beauty Homes e. Summer Camp f. Big Construction Co. 	

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Asking and giving something
 - May I have another story book, please?
 - Could you wash the cups, please?
 - Yes, of course.
 - Sure. Glad to help.
- Genre of text: Descriptive Texts
 - Social function:
 - To describe a particular person, place or thing
 - Generic structure:
 - Identification : identifies phenomenon to be described.
 - Description : describes parts, qualities, characteristics.

Example:

- *Mr Mustafa is a pilot. He works for an airline. He is tall and straight hair. He also has brown eyes.*
- Grammar : Simple Present Tense Examples :
 - I study English.
 - He stops working at 2 p.m.
 - They sing loudly.
 - We like strawberry cake.

Learning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. What do you say when you ask your friend to lend you his computer?
- 3. What do you say when you order food and drink in a cafeteria?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.



Work Out

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- Listening to the expressions for asking and giving facts
- · Listening to the monologues of procedural texts

Speaking

- Asking and giving facts
- · Performing a monologue of procedural texts

Reading

- Reading procedural texts
- · Identifying meanings of procedural texts

Writing

• Writing a procedural text

Listening

In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to the expressions for asking and giving facts;
- listen to the monologue and dialogue in procedural form.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- respond to the expressions for asking and giving fact appropriately;
- respond a monologue and dialogue in procedural form appropriately.

Practice 1

Study the following picture.





Practice

3

Answer the following questions.

- 1. What do you think they are doing?
- 2. Does the boy want to know something?
- 4. What is it?
- 5. What does the girl say?

Listen to the dialogue from the tape and complete the following missing words.

Krisna : Neta, did you watch the sports news 1_____?

- Neta : I didn't. ² you ³ me the result of Chelsea's match against Liverpool?
- Krisna: Well, Liverpool ⁴_____ Chelsea by 3 goals to 1.
- Neta : 5_____? How come?
- Krisna: It's fantastic! Dirk Kuyt scored a hat-trick in the game.



Listen to the dialogue from the tape again. Then answer the following questions.

- 1. Who are Krisna and Neta?
- 2. What was the news?
- 3. Who was Dirk Kuyt?
- 4. What did he do?



Study the pictures and listen to the questions from the tape. Then, discuss the answer with your friend.

Simple Exercise, Long Healthy



A warm up is usually performed before participating in sports or exercising. A warm up generally consists of a gradual increase in intensity in physical activity. For example, before running or playing an intense sport one might slowly jog to warm muscles and increase heart rate. It is important that warm ups should be specific to the exercise that will follow, which means that exercises (of warm up) should prepare the muscles to be used and to activate the energy systems that are required for that particular activity. Source: en.wikipedia.org







Do a simple exercise to keep your body fit by clicking this page: *www.amateur-sports.com/ kids.htm* Follow the steps of each exercise.



Source: Publisher's Documentation



Listen and repeat after your teacher.

Steps to Stay Healthy.

- 1. First of all, try to get some exercises every day.
- 2. Next, don't eat foods containing a lot of fat and sugar.
- 3. Finally, think positively.



Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

- 1. Taking exercise every day is not good.
- 2. Eating delicious and sweet food is good for your health.
- 3. Keeping your mind positive will help your body to stay healthy.

Follow-up Activity

Be an exercise instructor for your friends. Suggest some easy exercises such as push-ups, sit-ups, jogging and jumping. Count every move in English. You can practise your physical as well as pronunciation workout.

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- ask and give facts;
- say monologues to the texts in procedural form.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- tell facts appropriately;
- respond to the texts in procedural form appropriately.

2.



Answer the following question orally.

1. What do you say when you want to know about something?

When you hear something unbelievable or surprising,

Practice 2

Practise the dialogues.

what do you usually say?

 An earthquake shook my hometown last night.
 Really? I didn't hear the news yet. Tell me more about it.
 Oh, my God! The expedition history team found the new Roman Temple.
 How interesting!





Practise the following dialogue.

- Ryan : Did you hear that Rara got 1 billion rupiahs?
- Deasy : You're kidding. How? Tell me the story.
- Ryan : *Here's the story.* Her sister, Riri, entered a lottery using Rara's name. One month later, a letter came and telling that Rara got 1 billion rupiahs.
- Deasy : Wow, what a nice surprise!



Give your response to the following situations. Examples are given.

- 1. I just lost my new Harry Potter novel *Deathly Hollows*. *Your response: How come?*
- 2. I heard that Mr Sofyan lost one of his cars.
- 3. Dania lost all her money.
- Can you tell me what's on the TV? Your response: Here's the story, scientists have made a new robot.
- 5. Bento doesn't believe that Irna is cheating on the English exam.
- 6. I must know what happened with Belinda.



In pairs, make short dialogues based on the situations. Use the expressions for giving facts.

- 1. The highest mountain in Java
- 2. Seven wonders of the world
- 3. How many Indonesian formers President there are.
- 4. How many provinces there are in Indonesia.
- 5. The capital city of Indonesia



Mention the steps below. Pay attention to the pronunciation and punctuation.

How to Lose Your Weight

Step oneDo exercise for half an hour every day.Step twoEat three times a day.

Step three Drink at least 8 glasses of fresh water a day.



Read the following story after your teacher. Pay attention to the spelling and punctuation.



Source: CD Image

Mrs Ratuliu's Healthy Habits

Mrs Ratuliu is a very healthy person. She always exercises every day. First of all, she goes jogging around the jogging track. Then she has a break for about 15 minutes. Finally, she takes a deep breath and drinks lots of plain water.



Retell the steps of Mrs Ratuliu to stay healthy in your own words. Tell it to the class.

Pronounce It!

Read these following phonetic transcriptions (consonants) after your teacher.

architecture	:	/'a:kıtekt∫ə/
brochure	:	/ˈbraʊʃə/
receptionists	:	/rɪˈsep∫nɪst/
accommodation	:	/əˌkɒməˈdeɪʃn/
shop	:	/ʃɒp/

Grammar Stage

Study the following sentences.

- 1. Do exercise every day.
- 2. Mr Lovelace is a very healthy person
- 3. Finally, he takes a deep breath.

Adverb

Every day, very healthy, *finally* are adverbs. Adverbs are closely connected with **verbs** in a sentence. An adverb adds information about such things as the *manner* (ways to do something), *place, time* and *view of the things* or *action.*

Adverb has the following forms :

- a. A single word (called an **adverb**) e.g. often, soon, out, slowly, probably, very.
- b. A prepositional phrase (having the pattern preposition + noun). e.g. by chance, during the rainy season, across the road, by car.
- c. Time expressions (a phrase without a preposition) e.g. one afternoon, all day, every morning, tomorrow, a week, on Friday.
- d. A clause (a longer group of words). e.g. when they met in the shelter.



Complete the following sentences with some adverbs in the box.



- 1. They will leave this house _____
- 2. Calista is a _____ beautiful girl.
- 3. We go to Jakarta _____.
- 4. Andra will meet Aurora _____ at 2 p.m.
- 5. In the rainy season, rain will fall _____ long.
- Be careful when you go camping in the woods, snakes are coming _____. You won't hear them moving.
- 7. _____ do you go, Hanum?
- 8. I don't know what happened with Gugun. The headmaster is talking _____ with him now.

Reading

Practice

In this section, you will learn how to:

- read aloud a text about health;
- identify the characteristics of a procedural text.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- read aloud a text about health;
- identify the rhetorical steps in a procedural text appropriately.

Read the following tips.

Ways to Keep Healthy

- 1. Do not smoke cigarettes.
- 2. Do exercise in the morning.
- 3. Eat healthy meals.
- 4. Get enough sleep at night.
- 5. Take vitamins if necessary.





Answer the following questions.

- 1. Can you give your opinion to the tips in Activity 1?
- 2. What about you? Do you always do the things the tips say?

Read aloud the following text.

Keeping Fit

Wati Safitri cares about keeping fit. First of all, she joins health club where she usually exercises after work. Next, she is always careful about her diet. She never eats fast food with lot of fat and sugar. Then, she never smokes cigarettes. Finally, Wati sometimes consumes multivitamins to supply energy because she is a very busy woman. She does a lot of activities all day long. That's Wati, she tries to keep in shape and stay healthy.



Answer the following questions with your friend.

- 1. What are three things that Wati does to stay healthy?
- 2. Why does she do all these things?
- 3. Give your opinion about Wati's life style.



Answer the following questions about yourself. Then, swap your work with your friend and read it aloud.

- 1. What kind of exercise do you enjoy?
- 2. How often do you exercise?
- 3. Do you try to eat healthy meals? Why or why not?
- 4. Do you usually get enough sleep at night? How many hours of sleep do you like to get?
- 5. How do you usually feel after you exercise? Energetic? Relaxed? Tired? Hungry? Sleepy?



Match each word in column A with its meaning in column B. Consult your dictionary.

No.	А	В
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	care join consume supply shape stay	 a. to make something have a particular form. b. to stop in one condition, keeping in one condition. c. to feel that something is important d. to eat e. to become a member of something. f. to add or supply something

Practice 7 Read the text carefully.		
	Germinating Petunia Seeds	
Goal/Purpose	To germinate pertunia seeds.	
Materials	 You will need: A packet of petunia seeds A seed tray or small pots Loamy friable soil or potting mix Water Fertiliser 	
Methods/steps	 Steps: Fill seed tray with soil. Incorporate fertiliser into soil. Scatter seeds on the surface of the soil. Cover seeds with a 3 mm layer of soil. Press firmly. Spray water to moisten the seed bed. Place seed tray in warm, sunny position (at least 25°C). Keep soil moist by watering gently while seeds are germinating. Seeds will germinate in about 10–14 days. 	

Note

Characteristics of Procedural Text

- *Procedural text* is a text that gives some clues of how to do something through a series of actions.
- Goal / purpose : to give information what we need.
 - Material : things that you need to make an object.
- Method / steps : the information about making an object.

Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- write procedural text;
- write a recipe (functional text).

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- write a procedural text appropriately;
- write recipes (functional text) appropriately.



Answer the following questions.

- 1. Do you like eating delicious food or drinking fresh juices?
- 2. What about making delicious food or fresh drinks? Do you often do this by yourself?
- 3. Can you mention your favourite food and drink?

Read the text aloud.

How to Make Cheese Omelette

Ingredients :

1 egg, 50 g cheese, 1 cup milk, 3 table spoons cooking oil, a pinch of salt and pepper.

Utensils you need :

Frying pan, fork, spatula, cheese grater, bowl, plate.

How to make it :

- 1. Crack an egg into a bowl.
- 2. Whisk the egg with a fork until it is smooth.



- 3. Add milk and whisk well.
- 4. Grate the cheese into the bowl and stir.
- 5. Heat the oil in a frying pan.
- 6. Pour the mixture into the frying pan.
- 7. Turn the omelette with a spatula when it browns.
- 8. Cook both sides.
- 9. Place on a plate, spread salt and pepper.
- 10. Eat while warm.



Identify the characteristics of text in Practice 2.

Study the jumbled pictures carefully. Then, match them with the texts.

How to Make a Sauted Green Shrimp



- a. First, wash the vegetables and garlics.
- b. Then, chop the vegetables.
- c. Slice the garlic very thin.
- d. Prepare the shrimps.
- e. Next, heat the oil in a frying pan. Saute the garlic, shrimp and finally the vegetables.
- f. Cook then serve it on a plate.


With your friend, use the sentences from Practice 4 to complete the paragraph.

Do you want a healthy and delicious meal? Try this one, a sauted green shrimp. First of all, _____

Then, ______ Next, _____



The paragraphs below are not in correct order. Your job is to arrange them into their correct order.

- a. Then, move the rope quickly up and down. A wave moves along the rope, but the rope itself does not move forward.
- b. A thin rope, 4 m long a tree or post.
- c. Making waves.
- d. First of all, tie one end of the rope to a tree or post, as high as your waist. Hold the other end and stand about three and a half metres away.



Write your own recipe. The vocabulary below will help you.

		Vocabularies		
bake saute peel melt	chop boil stir pour	cut combine broil	grill fry cook	mix heat garnish

	(name of drink/meal)	
Ingredients		
Utensils		
Instruction		

Enrich Your Knowledge

Instruction : Learning to Drive a Car

Helen wants to learn how to drive a car to get a driving license. She learns how to drive a car with Andri.

- Andri : First, make sure that the car is in neutral. Now, start the engine.
- Helen : How do I do that?
- Andri : Just turn the key.
- Helen : OK. And now, what should I do?
- Andri : Put your foot on the clutch.
- Helen : My left foot or my right one?
- Andri : Your left foot.
- Helen : And should I press it down?



Source: www.gamewallpapers.com

- Andri : That's right. Press it down, but don't put your other foot on the accelerator yet. Now...
- Helen : I've put it into gear. Oh! The car has stopped!
- Andri : Yes. Remember, don't take your foot off the clutch before you've pressed the accelerator lightly.

UN Challenge

Read the following text and answer the questions.

- How to Boil an Egg
 - Things you need
 - 1 egg
 - 1 small saucepan
 - 0,5 litre of water

What to do

- 1. Fill the saucepan with a litre of water
- 2. Bring water to boil
- 3. Put egg in water with spoon
- 4. Boil for 4 minutes
- 5. Turn off the stove
- 6. Drain saucepan
- 7. Serve egg in egg cup

Serving suggestion: Warm buttered toast, cut into slices and dipped into the egg makes a tasty treat.

- 1. To avoid the egg being broken, what should you do?
- 2. " ... makes a *tasty* treat." Can you give synonym for the word in italic?

Taken from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2004

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Asking and giving facts
 - Did you come here yesterday?
 - I came here yesterday.
- Genre of Text: Procedure
 - Social function : To describe how something is accomplished through a sequence of actions or steps
 - Generic structure :
 - Goal
 - Materials (not required for all procedural texts)
 - Steps (i.e., goal followed by a series of steps oriented to achieving the goal)

Example:

- First, make sure the car is in neutral. Now, start the engine. Put your foot on the clutch. Press it down, but don't put your other foot on the accelerator yet.
- Grammar : Adverb Examples :
 - Elia is a very beautiful girl.
 - We go to Jakarta by train.
 - Putri will meet her parents soon.

Learning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. What do you say to ask a fact, i.e. what the news in the newspaper is about?
- 3. What do you say to give a fact, i.e. what the news in the radio is about?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.



My Hobby

Materials You Are Going to Learn in This Chapter

Listening

- Listening to the expressions for asking clarification
- Listening to the procedural text

Speaking

- Asking and responding clarification expressions
- Performing a monologue in a procedural form

Reading

Reading aloud a procedural text

Writing

• Writing a procedural text

Listening

In this section, you will learn how to:

- listen to a clarification expressions;
- · listen to a monologue text in procedural form.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- identify some expressions to for asking clarification appropriately;
- get the meanings from a monologue text in procedural form appropriately.



Answer the following questions.

- 1. What do you say to your friend that the library is closed on Saturday?
- 2. What do you say if your friend breaks your skateboard?



Listen to your teacher carefully.



The skateboard has evolved since the first mass produced models in the 1960s. Boards in the past were often made in the shape of a surfboard, with no concavity and constructed of solid wood, plastic, even metal. The wheels were usually made of a clay composite, or steel and the trucks (axles) were less sturdy and initially of a 'single-action' design compared to today's 'double-action'. Source: en.wikipedia.org



Source: Microsoft Encarta Reference Library, 2005

Indah : Where do we go skateboarding?
Andi : Let's go to the city park.
Indah : I'm afraid it's closed.
Andi : Are you sure?
Indah : *Well*, *I'm sure*. Nadia told me so.



Source: img.photobucket.com

Marni and Mey Ling are neighbours. They are talking in the kitchen.

Marni	:	Did you call me last night?
Mey Ling	:	No. I didn't.
Marni	:	Are you sure?
Mey Ling	:	Yes, I'm sure. Maybe it was someone else.
		By the way, Sari borrowed my new novel.
Marni	:	No, she didn't.
Mey Ling	:	Really?
Marni	:	Yes. It was me.

Speech Act

Formal/Informal (Those can be used in both situation, just add *excuse_ me* to older people or a stranger.)

- Asking for Someone's Clarification
- Is it true/right that ...?
- Is that right?
- Is ... correct?
- Really?
- Are you sure?
- Excuse me, Sir/Ma'am. Is that right that

Responses to Someone Asking for Clarification

- Yes, I'm sure.
- Yes, that's right.
- Yes, that's correct.
- Exactly.
- I didn't do it. (Mention the reason)
- I don't like watching cartoons. (Mention the reason)
- I'm not a basketball player. (Mention the reason)



Work in pairs. Listen to the tape and complete the dialogue.

Baron, Dedi and Arul are having lunch in the canteen.

- Baron : Our new English teacher just came from Cambridge. His name is Jonathan.
- Arul : 1____?
- Dedi : 2_____.
- Baron : I heard he is a baseball coach, too.

Answer the following questions orally.

What do you do when holiday comes?

- Arul : ³_____? I don't know how to play baseball.
- Dedi : 4____?
- Arul : No, I don't. Maybe I should join the baseball club.
- Baron : Yes, I think you should.

What is your hobby?

1. 2.





Listen to the tape. Then, fill in the following missing words while listening to the complete text.

How to Fall Asleep Easily

It is easy to fall asleep easily. Follow these ¹_____. ²_____, lay your body down in a comfortable sofa. ³_____, read something that entertain you. ⁴_____, drink a glass of hot milk. ⁵_____, you'll feel so sleepy. ⁶_____, have a nice dream, no snoring, okay!



Work in pairs. Change the paragraph in Practice 5 into a dialogue. Some clues below will help you.

- Nirina : I'm hardly to sleep lately, Indra. Can you help me?
- Indra : Well, actually too much sleeping is not very good also. But, you know it's easy to fall asleep soon.
- Nirina : Yes, tell me how.
- Indra : _____
- Nirina : _____ Indra. That's very helpful. I'll try.

UN Challenge

Fill in the blank with the suitable expression.

- Mr Wilman : Mr Enoch, would you like to have dinner at my house this evening?
- Mr Enoch : That sounds good.
- Mr Wilman : Are you sure?
- Mr Enoch :
- a. I'm positive
- b. Fine, go ahead
- c. I'm afraid I can't
- d. No, I can't

Taken from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2007

Speaking

In this section, you will learn how to:

- ask for clarification;
- respond to a monologue in procedural form.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

- ask to clarification appropriately;
- do a monologue in the procedural form appropriately.



- 1. Are you a senior high school student?
- 2. Are you a junior high school student?
- 3. Do you like playing chess?
- 4. What do you do after school?



Practice

Practise the dialogues.







In pairs, write short dialogues. Use the expressions of asking and giving clarification. Then practise them.



Answer the following questions orally.

- 1. Do you like to perform science experiments?
- 2. What is your opinion about science experiments?
- 3. Can you mention what experiment are categorized as science experiments?



Let's make an experiment. Prepare the materials and follow your teacher's instruction.

More about Sun Shine

You will need: a small ball a torch



Hold the ball in one hand. Shine the torch beam directly on to the middle of the ball.



Source: Young Scientist: The Planet Earth, 2008

Now, look at how the light is shining at the bottom of the ball. This also shows how the sun shines in the polar regions.





Source: Young Scientist: The Plant Life, 2008

Pay attention to the procedure of an experiment below. Then practise the experiment with your friends.

How Water Moves into Plant's Body

You will need:

- red, blue, yellow, green, and orange food colouring:
- water:
- five small jars:
- five celery stalks.
- 1. Put two centimetres of water in each jar. Add a few drops of colouring, red in one jar, blue in the next, and so on.
- 2. Put a stick of celery in each jar, with the thicker end in the water. Leave the jars for two hours. When you come back, you'll see the celery has changed colour. You've made a rainbow salad!



Tell the class about your hobbies. These questions may help you.

- What is your hobby?
- Whom did you do it with?
- When do you usually do it?
- Where do you do it?
- What happened when you did it?

Examples:

My hobby is buying new books. Especially, encyclopedias or stories books. I usually goes to bookstore with my friends Adi, Heina and Rifki.

First of all, we make an appointment. Next, we go to bookstore. After that, I check new books in the store' data base that records in the computer. Then, I begin to search it in the racks. It is fun, you know. Those make me very pleased. We go home before dark.



Grammar Stage

Do and Does

- Do and does indicate daily activities. They are habitual actions.
- Negative forms for first person and plural third persons use *don't* or *do not* and for the interrogative form use *do*.
 - I don't go to school at 06:00
 I go at 06:30.
 - Do they have a pet?
 - Yes, they do.Do they keep a dog?
 - No, they don't.
- Negative forms for singular third persons use *doesn't* or *does not* and for the interrogative use *does*.
 - Does she have a dog?
 - No, she doesn't.
 - She doesn't have a dog.
 - He doesn't go to school at 06:00.
 He goes at 06:15.
 - Does she have a cat?
 Yes, she does. She has a cat.



Fill in the blanks with *do, does, don't* or *doesn't*.

- 1. _____ they like sport? Yes, they_____.
- 2. _____ he get up at 5? No, he _____.
- 3. _____ Nina like oranges? Yes, she _____.
- 4. _____ Sonia and Adi have a bike? No, they _____
- 5. _____ you usually go picnic on Sunday?
- 6. She _____ need a pen. She needs a pencil.

- 7. Dian and Aris _____ like apples. They like oranges.
- 8. Andi _____ want ice cream. He wants mango juice.
- 9. We _____ buy coffee. We buy sugar.
- 10. I _____ like chocolate. I like candies.



Write two sentences for each number given. Then say it.

Example : He/want/to eat/to drink. He doesn't want to eat. He wants to drink.

- 1. She/need/a pen/a pencil.
- 2. Andi and Hendra/play/basketball/volleyball.
- 3. That man/speak/English/French.
- 4. My sister/study/laws economics.
- 5. We/look after/dogs/birds.

Reading

In this section, you will learn how to:

• read aloud a procedural text.

After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:

• read aloud a procedural text appropriately.



Look at the picture then answer the questions orally.



Source: The World Book Student Discovery Encyclopedia, 2006

- 1. What is he doing?
- 2. Do you like the activity, too?
- 3. Is it your hobby?
- 4. Can you tell the class why or why not you like/ dislike doing a natural experiment?
- 5. Is it for kids?



Read the following text carefully.

Drawing Insects You will need: a pencil

a piece of paper



1. An insect's body has three parts, so start by drawing three simple shapes. Add small circles for the eyes.



2. An insect has six legs. When you draw the legs, remember that the back legs are longer than the front ones.



- 3. Draw an antenna on their head and wings on their thorax.
- 4. Name your insect!

Source: Young Scientist: The Plant Life, 2008



Work in pairs to discuss and answer the following questions.

- 1. What do we do first?
- 2. Where should we put the eyes?
- 3. What must you remember when you draw the legs?
- 4. What should we draw on their thorax?
- 5. What is the last step?



Arrange the following jumbled sentences into correct paragraph.

Create a Menu Games



Things you should prepare: Paper Pen/coloured pencil

- a. After that, arrange what we normally see on a menu. Such as, lists of food, price, name of
- restaurant etc).b. Finally, choose the best one with the help of your teacher. The highest score should present their menu in front of the class.
- Next, choose your restaurant specialities. Examples, European food, Sundanese food, Japanese food, Manado food, Italian food, Padang food, etc.
- d. First of all, you should be familiar with some basic food vocabulary.
- e. Then, design the menu and decide on prices. Set a time limit.

Taken from: Make English Fun Volume 2, 2003

Writing

In this section, you will learn how to:

- write a procedural text.
- After learning the lesson in this section, you are expected to be able to:
- write a procedural text appropriately.



Answer the following questions orally.

- 1. Do you like collecting?
- 2. Where did you put your collection?
- 3. What about using a scrapbook? Do you know what a scrapbook is?





See more examples of scrapbooks to help you make your own scrapbook on this website: www.scrapbook.com/ gallery/layout/0/-1.html

Read the following text carefully.

Making Scrapbook

Scrapbook is a book with empty pages where you can stick pictures, newspaper articles, or other things you want to keep. You can use drawing books or you can make your own scrapbook by using HVS paper. Stick your HVS paper together with strong paper glue, use your creativity to create it's cover.

These are some steps how to make scrapbook. First of all, prepare for about 10 sheets of HVS paper, paper glue 1, thick paper (for its cover), some stickers, pictures or other accessories. Step one, glue together all the HVS paper on it's left side or on side. Glue it for about 2 cm on each side you choose (left or top). Step two, make the cover. Stick all the accessories you have chosen to the front cover, then stick it to the HVS. Your scrapbook is ready to use.



Rearrange this jumbled text. Do it in pairs.

How to Make Oriental Fried Rice



Source: Farm1.static.flickr.com

Preparations:

- 1. Cut up meatballs and chicken fillet into small pieces.
- 2. Grind together garlic, pepper and salt.
- 3. Break in and stir in one or two eggs.
- 4. To make oriental fried rice, you will need a plate of rice, meatballs, eggs, leeks, chicken fillet, frozen green peas soaked in hot water, garlic, pepper and salt, and a spoonful of oyster sauce.
- 5. Chop up the leeks into very small pieces.

How to make it:

- a. Then, pour the eggs and green peas.
- b. After that, pour the ground garlic, pepper and salt, adds a spoonful of oyster sauce. Put the leeks into the mixture and a plate of rice.
- c. First of all, fry the chicken fillet and meatballs. Stir the mixture well.
- d. Finally, serve oriental fried rice on a plate with hot sauce, if you like.

Taken from: Farm1.static.flickr.com

Follow-up Activity

Make a simple meal. Write the recipe, including its ingredients. Share your recipe with your friends. Then, try out your friend's recipe. Happy cooking, little chef!



Answer the following questions based on the text in Practice 3.

- 1. What do we do first?
- 2. What ingredients must we prepare?
- 3. Why must we grind garlic, pepper and salt together?
- 4. What do you do with frozen green peas?
- 5. How do you chop up the onion leaf?



Complete the following sentences with the words in the box.



- 1. Father _____ beef and fish in the yard.
- 2. Don't forget to _____ the fried rice with cucumber, lettuce and tomato.
- 3. Be careful when you _____ onions, the knife is very sharp.
- 4. _____ up garlic into a very thin pieces.
- 5. _____ up vegetables into small pieces.
- 6. _____ the oil in a frying pan.
- Mrs Woro is very famous for her delicious ______ d brownies.
- 8. _____ the spices until aromatic.
- 9. At twelve o'clock, you must _____ rice for lunch.
- 10. _____ together onion, chillies and *terasi*.



Compose your own procedural text. The topic is up to you. Remember the rhetorical steps of a procedural text.

Learning Essential

- Language Function
 - Asking clarification
 - I beg your pardon? Please repeat what you said.
 - Did you say one kilogram or two kilograms?
- Genre of Text: Procedure
 - ► Social function: To describe how something is accomplished through a sequence of actions or steps
 - ► Generic structure:
 - Goal
 - Materials (not required for all procedural texts)
 - Steps (i.e., goal followed by a series of steps for achieving the goal)

Example:

- Put two centimetres of water in each jar. Add a few drops of colouring, red in one jar, blue in the next, and so on. Put a stick of celery in each jar, with
- Grammar: Do and Does
 Examples:
 - Rina *goes* to a swimming pool.
 - She *doesn't go* to a swimming pool.
 - Does Rina go to a swimming pool?

Learning Review

After studying all subjects in this chapter, answer the following questions.

- 1. What have you learnt in this chapter?
- 2. You teacher is explaining the use of *do* and *does*. You don't understand it. What do you say to express it?

If you find some difficulties while answering the questions, you can learn the subjects once more or you may consult your teacher.

Exercise of Chapters 5-8

Choose either a, b, c, or d for the right answer.

- 1. Rasty : Do you like hamburger? Dika : _____ hamburger.
 - a. I don't know
 - b. I can't stand
 - c. I enjoy
 - d. It's good?



The books are _____ the table. a. in c. on b. at d. behind

3.

2.







- The bookshelf is _____ the sofa.
- a. under
- b. at
- c. behind
- d. in front of
- 5. Ima : Do you like to read comics? Eka : Yes.
 - a. I think so
 - b. I don't know
 - c. I don't like it
 - d. I like it a lot
- 6. Susan is Mr Surya's daughter.
 - Mr Surya is Susan's _____.
 - a. uncle
 - b. father
 - c. grandfather
 - d. son
- 7. Sigit is Wawan's nephew. Wawan is Sigit's _____.
 - a. father
 - b. brother
 - c. mother
 - d. uncle
- 8. Evi is Arif's sister.
 - Arif is Evi's _____
 - a. father
 - b. brother
 - c. mother
 - d. uncle

9.



A: What time is it?

- a. five fifteen
- b. fifteen to five
- c. five forty-five
- d. five thirty

10.



- A: What time is it?
- B : It's ____
- a. three thirty
- b. three twenty
- c. three fourty
- d. three twenty-five
- 11. My sister _____ I went to the mall.
 - a. and
 - b. but
 - c. except
 - d. with

Read the text carefully. Questions 12 to 16 are about Text 1.

Text 1

My Family

Myname is Randi. I aman SMP student. I live on Jalan Suryakanta. My father's name is Mr. Rahman. He works in a hospital. He is a doctor. My mother is a teacher.

My parents have three children. Ely, the eldest, works as a programmer in a private company. Wulan is my sister. We are students. She goes to SMA 3.

- 12. Who is Randi?
 - a. He is an SMA student.
 - b. He is a teacher.
 - c. He is a doctor.
 - d. He is an SMP student.

- 13. How many people are there in Mr. Rahman's family?
 - a. five
 - b. four
 - c. three
 - d. two
- 14. What is Randi's mother?
 - a. She is a programmer.
 - b. She is a teacher.
 - c. She is a student.
 - d. She is a doctor.
- 15. How many children does Mr. Rahman have?
 - a. two
 - b. three
 - c. four
 - d. five
- 16. The main idea of the second paragraph is about _____.
 - a. the children in the family
 - b. The jobs in the family
 - c. The parents' job
 - d. The education
- 17. A person who covers news is a _____.
 - a. speaker
 - b. trainer
 - c. journalist
 - d. nurse
- 18. A doctor works in a _____.
 - a. hospital
 - b. company
 - c. radio station
 - d. train
- 19. A chef works in a _____
 - a. hospital
 - b. school
 - c. office
 - d. restaurant
- 20. A mechanic works in a _____.
 - a. travel agency
 - b. newspaper
 - c. office
 - d. workshop

Read the text carefully. Questions 21 to 25 are about Text 2.

Text 2

Tomato Soup

- 4 large tomatoes
- 1 small onion
- 8 cups water
- small clove garlic
- spices
- ½ teaspoon salt
- ¼ teaspoon pepper
- ¼ teaspoon butter
- 1. Fry tomatoes, onion, and garlic in a pan with butter for five minutes.
- 2. Add water, spices, salt, and pepper.
- 3. Heat until the water boils.
- 4. Turn down the heat and cover the lid.
- 5. Cook for one hour.
- 21. What is kind of the text above?
 - a. Narrative.
 - b. Recount.
 - c. Monologue.
 - d. Procedure.
- 22. How many tomatoes are needed for tomato soup?
 - a. 4 large tomatoes
 - b. 4 small tomatoes
 - c. 1 large tomato
 - d. 1 small tomato
- 23. How much water is needed for tomato soup?
 - a. 1 cup of water
 - b. 8 cups of water
 - c. 5 cups of water
 - d. 2 cups of water
- 24. After frying the ingredients in a pan what is the next step?
 - a. Turn down the heat.
 - b. Heat until the water boils.
 - c. Add water, spices, salt, and pepper.
 - d. Cook for one hour.

- 25. What is the last step when making tomato soup?
 - a. Cook for one hour.
 - b. Fry the ingredients in a pan.
 - c. Heat until the water boils.
 - d. Put stock into a pan.
- 26. Rano : Is it correct that an earthquake happened last night?
 - Ani : ____
 - a. Really?
 - b. No, I didn't?
 - c. Yes, it's correct
 - d. Yes, I do
- 27. Mother : Can you get me some tomatoes from the refrigerator?
 - Ricky : _
 - a. Really?
 - b. Yes, that's right
 - c. Yes, sure, Mom
 - d. No, thanks
- 28. Mother : _____.
 - Dikdik : Here you are, Mom.
 - a. Give me some sugar
 - b. Do you ever go to the zoo?
 - c. Yes, that's right
 - d. Are you sure?
- 29. It's raining _____
 - a. heavily
 - b. badly
 - c. nervously
 - d. carefully
- 30. Listen _____!
 - a. badly
 - b. heavly
 - c. nervously
 - d. carefully
- 31. She drives very _____
 - a. hardly
 - b. slowly
 - c. well
 - d. suddenly

Read the text carefully. Questions 32 to 36 are about Text 3.

Text 3

I have a friend named Indra. He is a very fat person. His hobby is eating. He likes all kinds of foods. He eats everything in front of him. His weight is 95 kilograms. He has a very chubby cheek. His family and friends like him very much.

- 32. I have a friend named _
 - a. Indra c. Liza
 - b. Andri d. Anto
- 33. What is his hobby?
 - a. Swimming.
 - b. Eating.
 - c. Travelling.
 - d. Playing.
- 34. How much does he weigh?
 - a. 70 kg. c. 60 kg.
 - b. 95 kg. d. 50 kg.
- 35. He has a very _____
 - a. beautiful face
 - b. chubby cheek
 - c. nice attitude
 - d. handsome face
- 36. He is a very _____ person.
 - a. nice
 - b. fat
 - c. good
 - d. handsome
- 37. A : Does she like reading?
 - B : Yes, she _____
 - a. do c. does
 - b. don't d. doesn't
- 38. A : Do you have any sugar?
 - B : No, I _____.
 - a. do c. does
 - b. don't d. doesn't
- 39. A : Does your sister read the newspaper?
 - B : _____. She reads a book.
 - a. No, she does
 - b. No, she doesn't
 - c. No, she do
 - d. No, she don't

- 40. A : ____
 - B : Cooking is my hobby.
 - a. What are you making?
 - b. What are you cooking?
 - c. What is your hobby?
 - d. Who is cooking?

Read the dialogue then answer the questions.

- Anto : What is your hobby?
- Rian : My hobby is riding a bicycle. And yours?
- Anto : I like jogging. When do you ride your bike?
- Rian : I usually do it on Sundays.
- Anto : Does it make you healthier?
- Rian : Yes, of course. Riding a bicycle can strengthen the heart and lungs.
- 41. What is Anto's hobby?
- 42. When does Rian usually ride his bike?
- 43. Can bicycling strengthen the heart and lungs?

Find the words that are related each other.

А	В
 44. sailor 45. waitress 46. carpenter 47. barber 48. florist 49. announcer 50. nurse 51. typist 52. butcher 	 a. hair b. wood c. flower d. sea e. food f. meat g. sunglasses h. news i. patient
53. optician	j. typewriter

Change the words in brackets into the correct form.

- 54. I (go) to school every day.
- 55. Eric (dance) very well.

Final Evaluation

A. Choose either a, b, c, or d for the correct answer.

- A : Hi, Jane, how are you? 1.
 - В : _____, how are you?
 - A : I'm OK.
 - a. How do you do
 - b. Fine thanks
 - c. Good morning
 - d. Yes, I am
- 2. A : Jane, this is Romeo. Romeo, this is Jane?
 - B : How do you do, Romeo?
 - С : _____.
 - a. How are you, Jane?
 - b. How do you do, Jane?
 - c. What do you do, Jane?
 - d. I'm fine, thanks.
- 3. A : What's your _____?
 - В : My name's Alan.
 - a. job
 - b. phone number
 - c. address
 - d. name
- 4. A : Where are you from?
 - B : ____ a. My name's Mike
 - b. I'm from Banjarmasin
 - c. I'm Charlie
 - d. How do you do?
- 5. A : What's your job?
 - B : ____
 - a. I'm a student
 - b. He's an engineer
 - c. I'm fine, thank you
 - d. He's from Mataram
- A : Hi, Dian. Are you coming to the 6. footbal game?
 - : Hi, Kwan. Yes, I'm coming to the В game.
 - A : OK, then. See you there. Bye.
 - В

- a. OK
- b. Hello
- Good morning C.
- d. Bye
- 7. A : Hello, Mom.
 - B : Hello, Dian. Why are you still awake?
 - A : I'm finishing my homework.
 - В : All right. But don't sleep late.
 - A : OK, Mom. Good night.
 - В : _____
 - a. Good evening
 - b. Good morning
 - c. Good night
 - d. Goodbye
- 8. A : Excuse me. Do you know where Mr Murphy's house is?
 - B : ____
 - a. Oh, I see. Thank you
 - b. You're welcome
 - C. Which one?
 - d. Of course. It is in front of the fruit stall
- 9. Sani: Adi, can I borrow your pencil?
 - Adi : Sure, here it is.
 - Sani: Thank you.
 - Adi: __
 - a. I'm sorry
 - b. Don't mention it
 - Thank you C.
 - d. That's OK
- 10. Mother : Erli, Did you break the plate?
 - Erli : Yes, I did. I'm very sorry, Mom.
 - Mother : ____
 - a. I'm sorry, too
 - b. That's quite all right
 - c. Don't mention it
 - d. You're welcome

11.	Теа	acher : Dani, open the window, please.
	Dai	ni :
	a.	Don't mention it
	b.	OK, Sir. Thank you
	C.	I'm sorry, Sir
	d.	Yes, Sir
12.	А	
12.	В	. What time is it:
	С	: : I asked you what time it is.
	a.	Come on
		All right
		Please
		Excuse me?
13.		: Do you like to play games?
	В	:
	Α	5 5
	В	: I am very fond of flying kites.
	а.	No, I don't
	b.	
	C.	Yes, I like it a lot
	d.	I can't stand it
14.	А	: What do you think about my new dress?
	В	: it looks good on you.
	a.	I know
	b.	I think
	с.	It's good
	d.	I think it's a good idea
15.	A	-
15.	В	: Hello. Can I have this magazine,
	D	please?
	А	: That's 10,000 rupiahs, please.
	A	: Here you are.
	В	·
	a.	Don't mention it
	b.	Never mind
	с.	Thank you
	d.	Goodbye
16.	A	: Did you call me last night?
10.	B	: No, I didn't.
	A	. 100, 1 01011 (.
	В	·· : Yes, I'm sure
	a.	Are you all right?
	b.	Are you OK?
	С.	Are you fine?
	d.	Are you sure?

d. Are you sure?

- 17. A : Let's go to the city park.
 - B : It's closed.
 - A : Are you sure?
 - B : _____. Adi told me so.
 - a. Well, I'm sure
 - b. Yes, I'm fine
 - c. I'm all right
 - d. I'm okay
- 18. A : Are you Sammy?
 - B : _____. I'm Pieter.
 - a. She isn't
 - b. Yes, I am
 - c. No, I am not
 - d. Yes, he is
- 19. A : Do you get up at 4 every morning?
 - B : _
 - A : What time do you get up.
 - B : I get up at 4.30 every morning.
 - a. No, I don't get up at 4
 - b. Yes, I get up at 4
 - c. No, she doesn't get up at 4
 - d. Yes, she gets up at 4
- 20. A : Hello. I _____ Katrin.
 - B : Hi, my name _____ Mei Lan.
 - a. am are
 - b. am am
 - c. am is
 - d. is am
- 21. What _____ your name?
 - a. are c. is b. am d. was
- 22. Hello, _____'m William. c. she a. I d. it
 - b. he

- : What's the time? А
- В •

23.

- It's quarter to eleven. a.
- It's quarter past eleven. b.
- C. It's quarter past twelve.
- d. It's half past eleven.

- 24. A : What's the time?
 - B : It's twenty five to six.











- 25. Susan has breakfast in _____.
 - a. the bathroom
 - b. the dining room
 - c. the bedroom
 - d. the living room
- 26. You receive guests in _____
 - a. the living room
 - b. the dining room
 - c. the bedroom
 - d. the bathroom
- 27. We usually cook food in _____.
 - a. the bathroom
 - b. the bedroom
 - c. the kitchen
 - d. the living room
- 28. We _____ in the living room.
 - a. eat dinner
 - b. watch TV
 - c. sleep
 - d. take a bath

Read the following text to answer questions 29-34.

My name is Janis. I am twelve years old. I live in Genuk Krajan, Semarang. Here are the names of my friends, their ages and addresses.

Name	Sex	Age	Address
Teto Laras Tamtam Tammy Aini Ulil Guntur	Boy Girl Boy Girl Boy Boy	11 years 12 years 12 years 10 years 10 years 11 years 12 years	 18, Genuk Perbalan, Semarang 74, Jalan Menur, Semarang 6, Jalan Kamboja, Semarang 11, Jalan Mataram, Semarang 3, Pegulon Indah, Kendal 27, Genuk Krajan, Semarang 20, Genuk Perbalan, Semarang

29. How old is Janis?

She	is	years	old.
а.	10	C.	12
b.	11	d.	13

30. Tamtam lives at _____

- a. 18, Genuk Perbalan, Semarang
- b. 74, Jalan Menur, Semarang
- c. 3, Pegulon Indah, Kendal
- d. 6, Jalan Kamboja, Semarang

- 31. Who lives next to each other?
 - a. Teto and Laras.
 - b. Teto and Guntur.
 - c. Tamtam and Tammy.
 - d. Aini and Ulil
- 32. Tammy and Aini are ____
 - a. ten years old
 - b. eleven years old
 - c. twelve years old
 - d. thirteen years old
- 33. Who lives near Janis?
 - a. Ulil.
 - b. Guntur.
 - c. Laras.
 - d. Tamtam.
- 34. Do you _____ to eat vegetable?
 - a. likes
 - b. like
 - c. liked
 - d. to like
- 35. The children of my aunt and uncle are my _____.
 - a. daughters
 - b. sons
 - c. cousins
 - d. brothers
- 36. My cousins' father is my _____
 - a. father
 - b. mother
 - c. aunt
 - d. uncle
- 37. My cousins' mother is my _____.
 - a. father
 - b. mother
 - c. aunt
 - d. uncle



What is the girl doing?

- a. She is reading a book.
- b. She is reading a magazine.
- c. She is reading a newspaper.
- d. She is writing a letter.



39.

What is the boy doing?

- a. He is mopping the floor.
- b. He is cleaning the bathtub.
- c. He is cutting the grass.
- d. He is sweeping the yard.



The sign means "____

- a. Don't be noisy please.
- b. Don't take the photographs.
- c. Don't bring pets
- d. Keep off the grass.

Read the text to answer questions 41-45.

I am Kenny. I am in year 1 SMP Puring. I go to school on foot. I wear a uniform to school. I wear a white shirt and a pair of blue shorts. I wear a badge too. I like to wear a T-shirt and a pair of shorts at home. I like to wear slippers, too.

Text by Artono Wardiman

41. What does Kenny wear to school?

He wears _____ to school.

- a. a uniform
- b. slippers

- c. a T-shirt
- d. sandals
- 42. What does Kenny like to wear at home?

He like to wear T-shirt, a pair of shorts and _____.

- a. shoes
- b. slippers
- c. a hat
- d. a tie
- 43. Kenny goes to _____
 - a. SMA Puring.
 - b. SMP Puring.
 - c. Puring University.
 - d. hospital.
- 44. Why does Kenny wear a badge?
 - a. To look smart.
 - b. To be heat and tidy.
 - c. To show which school he is studying in.
 - d. To seem cute.
- 45. Kenny goes to school _____
 - a. by bus
 - b. by bicycle
 - c. by motorcycle
 - d. on foot

Read the text to answer questions 46-50.

The Jackson Family

Mr. Jackson is an American teacher, but he lives and works in Denpasar. He teaches English at SMP 8. He is a very good teacher. His students like him.

His wife is an Indonesian. She comes from Medan. They have one son and one daughter. The children go to a primary school.

Mr. Jackson's house is made of wood. It has five rooms: a kitchen, a bathroom, a living room and two bedrooms. The Jacksons have a house maid to help Mrs. Jackson to do the house work. The maid comes from Bantul.

Taken from Ujian Nasional Bahasa Inggris, 2002–2003

- 46. What does Mr. Jackson do?
 - He is _____
 - a. a father
 - b. a teacher
 - c. a student
 - d. a house maid
- 47. Where do the Jacksons stay?
 - a. In Denpasar
 - b. In Bantul
 - c. In Medan
 - d. In America
- 48. "<u>She</u> comes from Medan." (line 3) The underlined word refers to Mr. Jackson's _____.
 - a. teacher
 - b. daughter
 - c. student
 - d. wife
- 49. Mr. Jackson's house is made of wood.
 - The sentence means _____
 - a. Mr. Jackson is a carpenter
 - b. Mr. Jackson likes to collect wood
 - c. The materials of Mr. Jackson's house are from wood
 - d. There is a lot of woods in Mr. Jackson's house.
- 50. Mr. Jackson's house has _____
 - a. a kitchen and a private room
 - b. a living room and a garage room
 - c. a living room and a bathroom
 - d. a bedroom and a prayer room
- B. Rearrange the sentences to make a good procedural text.
- 1. Pour 250cc of hot water, stir well.
- 2. Wait about 3 minutes until the porridge thickens.
- 3. Empty instant porridge and chicken powder into a bowl.
- 4. Superporridge is ready to serve.
- 5. Add soy sauce, chili sauce, crackers and shallots.



C. Read Maya's schedule and answer the questions.

- 1. What does Maya do on Friday?
- 2. When does Maya have her English tuition class?
- 3. Who does Maya visit on Sunday?
- 4. Why is Maya not able to play basketball with Adi on Tuesday?
- 5. If Adi wants to visit Maya, which is the best day?

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Photo Credits

Chapter 1

1. Publisher's Documentation • 1

Chapter 2

- 1. Publisher's Documentation 24
- 2. CD Image 29, 30
- 3. *Kamus Visual*, 2007 35

Chapter 3

1. Publisher's Documentation • 39, 42, 43, 44, 47

Chapter 4

- 1. Publisher's Documentation 57
- 2. www.maxpezzalinetwork 68
- 3. UPSR, 2001 70
- 4. www.recipetips.com 71

Chapter 5

- 1. Publisher's Documentation 83
- 2. Kamus Visual, 2007, CD Image 85
- 3. bukubukuuu.files.wordpress.com 85
- 4. Kamus Visual, 2007 87
- 5. akuinginhijau.files.wordpress.com 90
- 6. img83.imageshack.us 90

Chapter 6

- 1. gunawan.bo-tak.info 101
- 2. Stockbyte 103, 107
- 3. www.lacc.com, www.rs-gandaria.com 104
- 4. Stockbyte, brucefong.files.wordpress.com 107
- 5. www.kapanlagi.com 108
- 6. Cavendish College London, 2005 116

Chapter 7

- 1. Publisher's Documentation 123, 125, 126, 135
- 2. CD Image 129
- 3. www.gamewallpapers.com 137

Chapter 8

- 1. prasetya brawijaya.ac.id 139
- 2. Microsoft Encarta Reference Library, 2005 140
- 3. img.photobucket.com 141
- 4. Young Scientist: The Plant Life, 2008 145, 146, 149
- 5. The World Book Student Discovery Encyclopedia, 2006 148
- 6. CD Image 148, 150
- 7. Farm1.static.flickr.com 152

Glossary

abbreviation /ə'bri:vɪ'eɪ(n/ announcement /ə'naʊnsmənt/ apologize /ə'pplədʒaiz/ breathe $/bri:\theta/$ butcher /'botfə/ ceiling /'s:lin/ compulsory /kəm'pʌlsərɪ/ conversation /'kpnvə'seifn/ desert /'dezət/ dessert /de'z3:t/ device /dr/vars/ effort /'efət/ equivalent /I'kwIvələnt/ essential /r'senfl/ flight attendant /flat ətendənt/ forehead /fo:hed/ garage /'gæra:dʒ/ grasshopper /'gra:shoppe/ hibiscus /hibiskəs/ honest /'pnist/ identity /aidentati/ individual /'ındı'vıdʒəl/ $joy(n)/dz_{33}/$ joyful (adj) /dʒɔɪfʊl/ lazy /'leizi/ lungs /lʌŋs/ mixture /'mikstfə/ moustache /mə'sta:f/ napkin /'næpkin/ nostril /'npstrəl/ obey /ə'bei/ optional /'pp[anl/ pick up /pik лр/ settee / fe'ti:/ shears /[iəz/ shiver /'ſıvə/ son-in-law /sʌn ın lɔ:/ starve /sta:v/ throat /øraut/ twinkle /'twinkl/ ungrateful /An'greitfl/ vessel /'vesl/ wheelbarrow /wi:l 'bærəʊ/ wisely /waizli/ yellowish /'jeləʊɪʃ/

: kependekan singkatan : pengumuman : minta maaf : bernapas : penjual daging : langit-langit : wajib : percakapan : padang pasir : makanan penutup : peralatan : usaha : persamaan : penting : pramugari/ra : dahi : garasi : belalang : kembang sepatu : jujur : tanda pengenal : perorangan : kegembiraan : penuh kegembiraan : malas : paru-paru : campuran : kumis : serbet : lubang hidung : patuh, menurut : merupakan pilihan : *jemput* : sofa : *gunting besar* : *menggigil* : menantu laki-laki : lapar (hungry) : tenggorokan, kerongkongan : keiap : tidak tahu terima kasih : tempat (untuk zat cair) : gerobak : dengan bijaksana : kekuning-kuningan

Index

Index of Expressions

- Asking and giving opinion 86, 84, 89, 90, 91
- Asking and giving information 23, 28
- Asking and giving a fact 124, 127, 128
- Asking and giving something 102, 103, 105, 106
- Asking clarification 140, 143, 144
- Bargaining 68, 69
- Command and prohibition 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48
- Expressing likes and dislikes 88, 89
- Expressing apology 21, 22, 23, 25
- Expressing gratitude 20, 21, 23, 26
- Expressing politenes 58, 61, 64
- Greeting and introduction 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 15

Index of Grammar

- Adverb 130
- Adjective 77
- Do/Does 147
- Preposition 91
- There is/There are 37
- To Be 16
- Simple Present Tense 112

Index of Texts

- Descriptive Text 13, 30, 32, 33, 35, 36, 49, 50, 59, 63, 94, 95, 104, 110, 111, 113, 119, 120, 156, 158, 162, 163,
- Functional Text 14, 15, 16, 54, 65, 70, 72
- Procedure Text 123, 124, 126, 127, 128, 129, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 142, 145, 146, 149, 151, 152, 157,

Index of Authors

- Kate Wakeman, Danae Kozanoglou 102
- Stuart Watson, Carolyn Sulaeman 148
- Wardiman, Artono 111, 128, 140, 151, 162

Listening script

Chapter 1 What Is Your Name?

Practice 4

- Lira is new in the neighbourhood
- 1. Tony : Hi. My name is Tony.
 - Lira : Hi. My name is Lira.
 - Tony : You are the new neighbour, right?
 - Lira : Yes, I am. I just moved in yesterday.
 - Tony: Welcome to the neighbourhood. Well, I have to go to the bookstore. See you.
- Lira : OK. See you!
- 2. Eka meets a girl at a camping site.
 - Eka : Hello. I'm Eka. What is your name?
 - Riska : Hello. I'm Riska. Which group do you come from? Eka : I am from the Eagle group. You are from the Bear
 - group, right?
 - Riska : Yes, that is right. Well, nice to meet you, Eka.
 - Eka : Nice to meet you, too, Riska.
- 3 Alam meets his teacher, Mr Wijaya on the way home from school
 - Alam : Good afternoon, Mr Wijaya.
 - Mr Wijaya : Oh, Alam. Good afternoon. How are you? Alam : I'm fine, Sir. Thank you. Mr Wijaya : Well, take care, OK?

 - Alam : Of course, Sir. Mr Wijaya : Goodbye, Alam.

 - Alam : Goodbye, Sir.
- 4. Ella is on her way home from the movie theatre. She meets Siait.
 - Ella : Good evening, Sigit.
 - Sigit : Good evening, Ella. What was the film like?
 - Ella : It was interesting
 - Sigit : Well. It's getting late. I have to go home now. Good night.
 - Ella : Me, too. Good night.

Practice 6

- 1. Arif and Susan are playmates.
 - Arif : Hi, Susan! How are you?
 - Susan : Hi, Arif! I'm fine, thanks. And you?
 - Arif : I'm fine, thanks. Are you coming to Rini's birthday party tonight?
 - Susan : Of course I'm coming.
 - Arif : OK, then. I'll meet you there. Bye.
 - Susan : Bye.
- Andy is a new student. 2.
 - Andy : Good morning. I'm Andy.
 - Yola : Good morning. I'm Yola. Are you a new student?
 - Andy : Yes, I am. I'm in 1H.
 - Yola : Then, we are classmates. I'm going to the library. Do you want to join me?
 - Andy : I'm sorry, I can't
 - Yola : OK, then. See you in the classroom.
 - Andy : See you.

Chapter 2 Things around Us

Practice 3

1.	Father	:	Could you turn off the light, Edi?
	Edi	1	Of course.

- Father : Thank you. Fdi
- : You are welcome.
- Grandmother : Can you bring me a glass of water? 2 Sopie : Here it is. Grandmother : Thank you, Dear. : My pleasure. Sopie
- Kasih : Did you see my novel? 3 I lost it yesterday. : I'm sorry, I don't. Mila
 - Kasih : Never mind

Practice 6

Mrs Sugawa	: Okan, where is my shoes?
Okan	: Your shoes is under the table.
Mr Felani	: Dear, do you see my book?
Mrs Felani	: Your book is on the table.
Lisa	: Dion, where is Spot?
Dion	: Spot is on the chair
Fikar	: Lola, where are you?
Ina	: Behind the chair
Eli	: Do you see my brooch?
Aya	: Your brooch is beside piles of books.
Soleh	: Anti, do you know where the pen is?
Anti	: The pen is inside the book.
	Okan Mr Felani Mrs Felani Lisa Dion Fikar Ina Eli Aya Soleh

Chapter 3

Let's Go to School 1

Teacher	: Do you know what time it is?
Anwar	: It's 8:30 o'clock, Ma'am.
Teacher	: Do you know the time of the class begins?
Anwar	: Yes. It's 8:00. Ma'am.
Teacher	: That means you are late. Next time, don't be
	late.
Anwar	: Yes, Ma'am.

- : Why do you put your child sits in front you? 2. Police Do you know that it can be dangerous? And you also don't wear a helmet to your child?
 - Mr Kemas : I'm sorry, Sir, I must drop my children at school. They are already late.
 - Police : Don't give me any reason, you've broken the law. Don't break the rules anymore. Mr Kemas : All right, Thank you.
 - Police Next time use a helmet and your child must sit at the back. Don't put your family in danger.
- 3. Teacher : Hey, Andi. Are you sleeping?
 - Andi : Oh...mmm...sorry, Ma'am. Teacher
 - : Don't sleep in the class next time, OK. Andi
 - : Yes Ma'am, I will.

- Ms Dian : Rino, what are you doing?
 Rino : I'm typing on the computer, Miss. Is there a problem?
 Ms Dian : Yes, the computer will be repaired because it
 - is full of viruses. Rino : Oh, I see.
 - Ms Dian : Don't use that computer.

Chapter 4 What Should I Buy?

Practice 2

Ms Wati	: Excuse me.
Assistant	: Yes, Miss, can I help you?
Ms Wati	: Yes, I'm looking for a T-shirt.
Assistant	: We've got some T-shirts over here. What colour
	are you looking for?
Ms Wati	: This blue one is nice.
Assistant	: Pardon?
Ms Wati	: I said this blue one is nice.
Assistant	: Yes it is. Is it for yourself?
Ms Wati	: Yes it is. Can I try it on, please?
Assistant	: Yes, certainly Miss.
Ms Wati	: No, it's too big. It doesn't fit me. Have you got
	one in a smaller size?
Assistant	: No, I'm afraid not. What about the green one?
Ms Wati	: No, I dont like the colour. Green doesn't suit me.
	OK, I'll leave it. Thank you.
Assistant	: Goodbye.

Practice 5

- Selvi : Which one should I buy?
- Rina : Well, the short-sleeved shirt looks quite nice. The long-sleeved shirt makes you look more mature.
- Selvi : Both of them are very nice.
- Rina : The long-sleeved shirt comes in four different colours to choose.
- Selvi : But it's far more expensive than the flowery shirt.
- Rina : That's because it is made of silk.
- Selvi : I will think about it before I buy.
- Rina : OK.

Practice 7

I would buy sleeves because it will cover my arm from sunlight. The sleeves must have bright colour, such as yellow, orange or red. When I buy sleeves, I also consider its price at least it's reasonable enough.

Chapter 5

My Family

Practice 3

- Lea : Do you know that Jimmy has a new car?
- Gito : Yes, I think it's a nice car. What do you think?
- Lea : I don't know. Don't you think it's too early for him to have a car?
- Gito : I know what you mean. I think he should wait for another four years.
- Lea : You're right.

Practice 7

- 1. house
- 2. wardrobe
- 3. curtain
- 4. lamp 5. book
- book
 protactor
- 7. protacti
- 8. blackboard

Chapter 6 What Do You Do?

Practice 1

- Dialogue 1
- Dimas : May I have a drink and two pieces of bread?
- Assistant : Yes of course. Do you want a coffee or a tea?
- Dimas : I want a cup of tea, please.

Dialogue 2

- Amel : May I have coffee, please?
- Assistant : I am sorry. We serve tea but no coffee here.

Practice 3

Dialogue 1

Jimbo : May I have another story book, please? Librarian : Yes , of course.

Dialogue 2

- Amel : Could I borrow your spade?
- Jimbo : I'm sorry. I don't have a spade.

Dialogue 3

- Uncle : Could you wash the cups, please?
- Maid : Sure. Glad to help.

Dialogue 4

- Aunt Eni : Could you pass the salt, please?
- Gandi : Certainly, Aunt Eni. Here it is.

Practice 4

- 1. He works in a restaurant. His job is to serve. What is he?
- 2. She works at a school. Her job is teaching. What is she?
- 3. He works in a fire department. His job is to put out fires. What is he?
- 4. She plays tennis and likes sport. What is she?

Practice 5

This is Rianti. She is a 'secretary. She works for a ² foreign company in Jakarta. There is a computer on her ³ desk. She often types letters on the computer. She also answers the telephone and ⁴ takes messages. Sometimes, she goes to ⁵ meeting and takes notes.

Lidia is a nurse. She works in a ¹ hospital in Surabaya. She helps the ²doctors and look after the ³ patients. She gives the patients the ⁴medicines, and she often talks to them and listen to their problems. Sometimes, she talks to the patients' families. She always wears his nurse's ⁵uniform.

Adapted from Brainwaves, 1998

Chapter 7 Work Out

Practice 3

- Krisna : Neta, did you watch the sports news this morning?
- Neta : I didn't. Can you tell me the result of Chelsea's match against Liverpool?
- Krisna : Well, Liverpool defeated Chelsea by 3 goals to 1.
- Neta : Really? How come?
- Krisna : It's fantastic! Dirk Kuyt scored a hat-trick in the game.

Practice 5

- 1. Do you know what the pictures are about?
- 2. What do you see in picture 1?
- 3. What is the boy doing in picture 2?
- 4. What do you think of picture 3?
- 5. Are all the pictures in sequence (berurutan)?

Chapter 8 My Hobby

Practice 3

Baron, Dedi and Arul are having lunch in the canteen.

- Baron : Our new English teacher just came from Cambridge. His name is Jonathan.
- Arul : Is that right?
- Dedi : Yes, that's right.
- Baron : I heard he is a baseball coach, too.
- Arul : Really? I don't know how to play baseball.
- Dedi : Don't you?
- Arul : No, I don't. Maybe I should join the baseball club.
- Baron : Yes, I think you should.

Practice 5

It is easy to fall asleep easily. Follow these *steps. First*, lay your body down in a comfortable sofa. *Then*, read something that entertain you. *After that*, drink a glass of hot milk. *Next*, you'll feel so sleepy finally, have a nice dream, no snoring, okay!

Answer Key

Chapter 1 What Is Your Name?

Speaking Practice 4 : Good morning, Ma'am. 1. Roger Mrs Felix : Good morning. Are you a new student? : Yes, Ma'am. I am Roger Sondakh. I am in Roger 1C. How do you do? Mrs Felix : How do you do? My name is Felicia Felix. I am an English teacher. Do you come from Manado? Roger : Yes, Ma'am. My parents live there. But I live here with my brother Mrs Felix : Nice to meet you, Roger. : Nice to meet you, too, Mrs Felix. Roger : Hi, Togur. How are you? 2 Mirza Togur : Hi, Mirza. I am fine thanks. And you? Rico : Not too bad, thanks. Practice 7

- 1. SANTI = es, eı, en, ti:, aı 2. SUSAN = es, ju:, es, eı, en
- 3. ALAM = ei, el, ei, em
- 4. ROBERT
- = a:, əʊ, bi:, i:, a:, ti:
- 5. ELIZABETH = i:, el, aı, zed, eı, bi:, i:, ti:, ertf 6. JONATHAN = dʒeɪ, əʊ, en, eɪ, ti:, eɪt∫, eɪ, en.
- Practice 8
- 2. Teacher : How do you spell your name, Anton? Anton : eI, en, ti:, au, en Teacher : Good, How about you, Yeni? Yeni : wai, i:, en, ai. Teacher : Nicely done. Yeni : Thank you.

Writing

Practice 3

It's been two months, last time, spend some time, party, wait to see you.

Practice 5

Andra meets Una and Su Lian in the park.

Anura	÷	HI. Lam Anula.
Una	:	Hello. We are Una and Su Lian.
Andra	:	Oh, you are twins!
Una	:	No, we aren't
Andra	:	But you are exactly alike!
Su Lian	:	No, I am nineteen years old, but Una isn't even
		eighteen yet.
Andra	:	Well, I am glad to meet you.
Randi co	mes	and joins them.
Andra	:	Una, Su Lian, this is Randi.
Una	:	Hi, Randi.
Susan	:	Hello, Randi. How do you do?
Randi	:	Hello, girls. How do you do?
		(to Randi) Are they twins?
Andra	:	No, they aren't twins.Writing

Practice 3

- Ary : Hello. What is your name? 2.
 - : Hello. My name is Ali. Ali
 - Ary : I am Ary. Nice to meet you, Ali.
 - Ali : Nice to meet you, too.
- Dudi : Good evening. What is your name? 3. Monty : Good evening. My name is Monty. Dudi : I am Dudi. Pleased to meet you, Monty. Monty : Pleased to meet you, too.

Chapter 2

Things around Us

Reading

Practice 4

- 1. map
- 2. cupboard
- 3. timetable
- 4. clock
- 5. bookshelf
- 6. calendar 7. blackboard
- 8. ruler
- 9 door
- 10. window
- 11. broom
- 12. book
- 13. backpack
- 14. chair
- 15. table

Practice 5

1.	shears	2	
	wheelbarrow	5	
	watering can	1	
	sickle	3	
	hoe	4	
2.	sofa	5	
	book case	4	
	curtain	2	
	electric fan	7	
	lamp	8	
	table	6	
	vase	3	
	picture	1	
3.	sheet	6	
	stool	3	
	wardrobe	1	
	blanket	5	
	pillow	4	
	mirror	2	
Pra	ctice 6		
1.	е	6.	i
2.	g	7.	С

8. d 9. b 10. f

2. g 3. a 4. j 5. h	
------------------------------	--

Enrich Your Knowledge

- 1. bedroom
- 2. bathroom
- 3. kitchen
- 4. dining room
- 5. living room
- 6. garage
- 7. wardrobe
- 8. yard

Writing

Practice 5

- There is
 There are
- 3. There is

Practice 6

- Is there
 Are there
- 3. Are there

Practice 7

- There are books on the table.
 There are tape recorders in the table.
- 3. There are apples and grapes on the basket.
- 4. There is a cat under the table.

Chapter 3

Let's Go to School

Reading

- 1. b
- 2. a
- 3. b 4. c
- 5. c

Practice 6

- fish
 reading, read 4. playing, play

Practice 7

- Is, is
 Are, are
- 3. am, am
- 4. is, is 5. is, is

Practice 8

- 1. e
- 2. c 3 а
- 4 d
- 5. b

Writing

- Crossword puzzle
- 1. classroom
- 2. coffee 3. behind
- 4. money
- 5. house
- 6. flower
- 7. bridge
- 8. beautiful
- 9. water
- 10. bird
- 11. begin
- 12. envelope

Chapter 4 What Should I Buy?

Listening

- Practice 5
- 1. buy 2. sleeve
- nice 3.
- 4. four
- 5. colours
- 6. expensive

Speaking

Practice 4 burger french fries steak coke pizza . salad pasta coffee apple pie ice cream mousse

Practice 5

- 1. cheesecake
- 2. pizza 3. steak
- 4. juice

Reading octio

Pra	ctice 2
1.	false
2.	false
3.	false
4.	true
5.	true
6.	false
7.	true
8.	false
9.	true
10.	false
Pra	ctice 2
1.	е

2.	g
3.	а
4.	j
5.	h
6.	i
7.	С
8	d
9.	b
10.	f

Writing

Practice 5

3-6-2-5-4-1

Practice 6

- 1. about two weeks
- 2. rice cooker and blenders
- reducing price of things
 a free alarm clock
 newspaper

Practice 7

1.	С	6.	h
2.	d	7.	а
3.	f	8.	е
4.	i	9.	b
5.	i	10.	g

Practice 9

- 1. a loaf of
- 2. a can of
- 3. a jar of
- 4. a bowl of
- 5. a bottle of
- 6. a cup of
- 7. a cone of
- 8. a ream of
- 9. a sack of 10. a teaspoonful of

Practice 11

Soho Department Store, End of Season Sale, to 70 %, 30 -50 %, 40 %, 10 a.m. to 10 p.m.

Practice 12

- 1. spend
- 2. buyer
- 3. picnic
- 4. bargain
- 5. cashier
- 6. trousers
- 7. time
- 8. yesterday
- 9. thank
- 10. shirt
- 11. service
- 12. costumer 13. motorist
- 14. margarine
- 15. vegetable

Exercise of Chapters 1-4

1.	b	11.	b	21.	а	31.	b
2.	d	12.	d	22.	С	32.	С
3.	а	13.	b	23.	а	33.	b
4.	а	14.	d	24.	b	34.	а
5.	b	15.	а	25.	С	35.	а
6.	а	16.	b	26.	d	36.	а
7.	С	17.	С	27.	b	37.	а
8.	d	18.	а	28.	С	38.	b
9.	а	19.	С	29.	b	39.	b
10.	С	20.	а	30.	d	40.	а

- 1. I had a wonderful holiday.
- The weather is nice today.
 The girls are buying a book.
- 4. The cats are sleeping under the table.
- The women are reading magazines.
 The men are cleaning cars.
 I am drawing a picture.

- 8. She is cleaning the house.
- Your brother is not reading a book. 9

English In Focus for Grade VII

10. Are we watching television?

Chapter 5 My Family

Speaking

Practice 9

174

- There is; on
 There is; in

- 3. There is; beside
- 4. There is; under
- There are; on 5.
- There are; around 6.

Reading

- Practice 4 His name is Kevin.
- 1. 2. He has two sisters.
- 3. Bali.
- 4. Kevin and his family.
- 5. It faces directly to the beach.

Writing

- Practice 3
- 1. daughter
- 2. uncles
- 3. brothers
- 4. grandfather
- 5. grandmother
- 6. cousins
- wife 7.
- 8. mother

Enrich Your Knowledge

- 2. It's eleven twenty or it's twenty past eleven.
- 3. It's three twenty-seven or it's twenty-seven past three.
- 4. It's six thirty-five or it's twenty-five to seven.
- 5. It's one fifty or it's ten to two.

Chapter 6 What Do You Do?

Listenina

- Practice 1
- drink 1.
- 2. bread
- 3. coffee
- 4 tea
- 5. coffee
- 6. tea

Practice 3

- 1. Yes, of course.
- I'm sorry. I don't have a spade. 2. 3. Sure. Glad to help.

- Practice 4
- 1. He is a waiter.
- 2. She is a secretary. He is a fireman. 3
- 4. She is an athlete

Practice 5

- Text 1
- secretary 1.
- 2. big computer
- 3. desk
- takes 4
- 5. meetings
- Text 2

5.

- 1. hospital
- 2 doctors
- 3. patients 4. . medicine

uniforms

Speaking

Practice 10 nose 8 tooth 12 beard 1 cheek 3 tongue 10 nostril 9 hair 11 chin 4 lip 6 ear 5 moustache 7 eye 13 forehead 2 eye brow 14

Practice 11

2. Heni : Do you know Wina? Butet : Yes, I do. Heni : What is she like? Butet : She has straight hair. Heni : What is she? Butet : She is a teacher 3. Tuti : Do you know Yuni? : Yes, I do. Ani Tuti : What is she like? : She has long and black hair. Ani Tuti : What is she? Ani : She is a secretary.

Practice 14 2. come

- 3. walk
- 4. attend
- 5. have
- 6. works
- 7. like
- 8. chases
- 9. works
- 10. sits

Reading Practice 3

- 1. d
- 2. е
- 3. b
- 4. a
- 5. C

Practice 4

- 1. True 2. True
- 3. False
- 4. True
- 5. False
- 6. False
- 7. False
- 8. True 9. False
- 10. False

Practice 8

- 1. tetangga
- 2. badut
- 3. bekerja
- 4. karnaval

5. pekerjaan

- 6. hiburan
- 7 tertawa
- 8. lucu
- 9. rambut palsu 10. baik hati

Writing Practice 1

- 1. b
- 2. а
- 3. С

Practice 2

- 1. a hairdresser
- 2. a butcher
- 3. a typist
- 4. a tailor
- 5. a nurse 6. a dentist
- 7. a carpenter
- 8. a barber 9. a soldier
- 10. a sailor

Practice 3

- 1. d
- 2. а 3 е
- 4. С
- 5. b

Practice 4

- 1. pilot
- 2. electrician
- 3 photographer
- 4. driver
- receptionist 5.
- 6. flight attendant
- 7. carpenter
- 8. tailor

Practice 6

- Mrs Tike is a teacher. She works in SMP 6. She teaches English.
- Mr Salam is a journalist. He works for Kompas. He covers 3. news.
- Toni and Andi are guides. They work for travel agency. 4 They take people on tours.
- The men are mechanics. They work in a workshop. They 5. repair cars.

Practice 7

1 - 4 - 3 - 7 - 8 - 6 - 2 - 5

Chapter 7 Work Out

Listening

Practice 3

- 1. this morning
- 2. can
- 3. tell
- 4. defeated
- 5. Really

Practice 4

- 1. Probably they are friends.
- 2. Chelsea's match against Liverpool.
- A football player of Liverpool. 3.
- 4. He scored a hat-trick.

- 2.

Practice 7

- 1. False
- 2. False
- 3. True

Speaking

- Practice 9 1. soon
- 2. very
- 3. by car
- one afternoon
 all day
- 6. silently
- 7. where
 8. seriously

Reading

- Practice 4
- 1. a. join the health club.
 - b. exercises after work
 - c. never smoke cigarettes.
- 2. Because she wants to keep in shape and stay healthy. 3. various answers

Writing

Practice 4

- 1. c
- 2. е
- 3. d
- 4. f
- 5. a b 6.

Practice 6 c – b – d – a

Chapter 8

My Hobby

Listening

- Practice 5
- 1. steps
- 2. first
- 3. then
- after that
 next
- 6. finally
- Speaking

Practice 8

- 1. Do: do
- 2. Does; doesn't
- Does; does
 Do; don't
- 5. Do
- 6. does
- 7. Don't
- 8. doesn't
- 9. don't
- 10. don't

Reading

Practice 4 dcaeb

Writing Practice Preparation 4-2-1-3-5

How to Make It c-a-b-d

Practice 5

- 1. grill 2. garnies
- 3. cook
- 4. chop
- 5. cut
- 6. heat
- 7. baked
- 8. fry 9. cook
- 10. grind

Exercise of Chapters 5-8

1.	С	11.	а	21.	d	31.	b
2.	С	12.	d	22.	а	32.	а
3.	а	13.	а	23.	b	33.	b
4.	С	14.	b	24.	С	34.	b
5.	d	15.	b	25.	а	35.	b
6.	b	16.	а	26.	С	36.	b
7.	d	17.	С	27.	С	37.	С
8.	b	18.	а	28.	а	38.	b
9.	а	19.	d	29.	а	39.	b
10.	b	20.	d	30.	d	40.	С

1. Anto's hobby is jogging.

2. Rian usually rides his bike on Sundays.

3. Yes, it can.

- 4. d
- 5. е
- 6. b
- 7. а
- 8. С
- 9. h
- 10. i
- 11. i
- 12. f
- 13. g
- 14. I go to school every day.
- 15. Eric dances very well.

Final Review

Α.

1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	b d b a	11. 12. 13. 14. 15. 16.	d c b c	21. 22. 23. 24. 25. 26.	a b a b	31. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36.	a a b c	41. 42. 43. 44. 45. 46.	b b c d
6.	d	16.	d	26.	а	36.	d	46.	b
7. 8. 9.	d	17. 18. 19.	С	27. 28. 29.	b	37. 38. 39.	С	47. 48. 49.	d
10.	b	20.	С	30.	d	40.	С	50.	С

B. 3-1-2-5-4

- C. 1. She goes swimming.
- She has English tuition class at 6.00 pm on Tuesday.
 Her grandmother
 - 4. She has to attend her English tuition class.
 - 5. The best day for him to visit Maya is Thursday.

ISBN : 979-462-970-7

Buku ini telah dinilai oleh Badan Standar Nasional Pendidikan (BSNP) dan telah dinyatakan layak sebagai buku teks pelajaran berdasarkan Peraturan Menteri Pendidikan Nasional Nomor 34 Tahun 2008 Tanggal 10 Juli tentang Penetapan Buku Teks Pelajaran yang Memenuhi Syarat Kelayakan untuk Digunakan dalam Proses Pembelajaran.

HET (Harga Eceran Tertinggi) Rp.....